

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIII.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, FEB. 17, 1898.

No. 18

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS

New Century
Cattle Food

NEW BOOKS

Circulating
Library

HENDERSON & PARKER

Druggists and Stationers,
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

The New Furniture Store

At Qu'Appelle Station is now open, and a full line of House Furnishings on hand at very low prices.

HOLIDAY GOODS A SPECIALTY

PARLOR SUITES, BEDROOM SUITES, IRON and WOOD BEDSTEADES, WIRE SPRINGS, MATTRESSES (wood and mixed) SIDEBOARDS, BUREAUS,	FINE and COMMON ROCKERS, DINING-ROOM CHAIRS, COMMON CHAIRS, EXTENSION TABLES, COMMON TABLES, EASY CHAIRS, PICTURE FRAMES, BOYS' SLEIGHS, Etc.
---	--

CHEAP FOR CASH
J. DOOLITTLE & CO.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY

Qu'Appelle Valley

Flour Mills, Fort Qu'Appelle

ESTABLISHED 1884.

GRISTING.

Brn, Sh, Ck, Chop, Cracked Wheat,

Chopper for Grinding Feed Stuffs. Full supply always on hand at Creamer & Gray's, Qu'Appelle Station.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, Proprietors.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,

BANKERS,
Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS
PROMPTLY MADE.

Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed
on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS:
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg,
MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA,
Toronto.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of
the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assa.

CITY MEAT MARKET

D. BROWN,

(Successor to R. Johnston.)

WHOLESALE
AND RETAIL

Butcher.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, AND
POULTRY.

Fresh and Smoked Fish always on hand.
Pork (Fresh and Salt), Bacon, Smoked
Hams, Shoulders, Bologna and Pork
Sausages.

CALL AND SEE US.

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station, Assa

WOLSELEY

—+— FLOUR.

Buckwheat Flour
Graham Flour
Oats, Rolled Oats
Indian Meal
Timothy Seed
Herbageum
Flax Seed.
Flax Seed Meal. Meal from No. 1
hard wheat.

ALWAYS ON HAND
—+— GIVE US A CALL.

W. McFARLANE,
One door north of Messing-Harris building,
Qu'Appelle Station.

THE SUNBEAM Farming Company

(Limited),
London, England, an Indian Head
Having resolved to wind up.

The Horses, Oxen & Implements

Will be sold

BY AUCTION

for cash, at an early date, unless otherwise
disposed of. Time and place will be
announced in good time.

ALBERT A. M. DALE, Liquidator
166 Qu'Appelle Station.

A Great Snap

FOR SALE

The Stock of

G. H. V. BULYEA

Consisting of

Bedsteads,

Matresses,

Pillows, Etc.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Picture Mouldings

AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

W. MACK,

C. T. Bailey & Co.'s Warehouse.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 4th
day of May, 1898, at the hour of ten
o'clock a.m., at the Rosengburg Schoolhouse,
there will be offered for sale by public auc-
tion, in accordance with the terms and
provisions of the School Ordinance of the
N.W.T., providing for the sale of lands for
schools; certain lands situated in Rosengburg School District, No. 286,
N.E. 1/4 Sec. 10, Tp. 19, Range 16, west of
2nd meridian.

WILLIAM BEBNT,
Treas., Edenwold P.O.

For Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE either one of the
two following bulls, namely, one short
horn bull, three years old, from im-
ported stock; one black Galloway bull, three
years old. For particulars apply to
166 J. R. NORTH, Fort Qu'Appelle.

Terrible Explosion

The American Cruiser, Maine,
Almost Totally Destroyed
—Cause Unknown.

Havana, Feb. 15th.—At a quar-
ter of ten o'clock this evening a
terrible explosion took place on
board the United States cruiser
Maine in Havana harbor. Many
were killed or wounded. All the
boats of the Spanish cruiser Alfonso
XII, are assisting. As yet the
cause of the explosion is not appar-
ent. The wounded sailors of the
Maine are unable to explain it. It
is believed the cruiser is totally de-
stroyed. The explosion shook the
whole city. The windows were
broken in all the houses. The cor-
respondent of the press say he has
conversed with several of the
wounded sailors and understands
from them the explosion took place
while they were asleep, so that
they can give no particulars as to
the cause.

The Bachelor Element.

Very few are aware that there is
a bachelor establishment situated in
the most aristocratic part of the
town, and it is only desire to draw
the attention of the traveling pub-
lic and others to this most impor-
tant institution. Their handsome
and palatial residence is beautifully
situated and commands a magnifi-
cent bird's-eye view of the city's
historic building through its win-
dows. The occupants of this elegant
habitation are gentlemen of
great muscular development and
unsatiable appetites; each has his
peculiar characteristics, one being a
comedian of no mean order, another
a horse trainer of wonderful nerve,
whilst the third is of a speculative
turn of mind and has all sorts of
articles for sale or exchange, as will
be seen by advertisement in another
column. The two establishments holding
a grand reception at next Sunday
date, and should it being good time
to receive an invitation I will
favor you with a faithful account
of this much-to-be-looked-for event.

Edgway Echoes.

On Friday last, a magic lantern
entertainment, varied by songs,
recitations and dialogues, was held
in the Edgway Football hall under
the auspices of the Edgway. The
magic lantern was under the management
of Mr. Robt. Williams of Fort Qu'-
Appelle, and the numerous slides
were amusing, instructive and much
appreciated. Messrs. Thring and
Williams sang several songs which
were loudly enjoyed. Mr. J. Aik-
enhead's recitations were also a fea-
ture of the evening. The two dia-
logues, "Viola's Answer" and "From
Down East," were exceptionally
well rendered, the former by Miss
Emma Goodwin, Messrs. J. Aiken-
head, S. G. Howitt, G. Goodwin
and D. Tate, the latter by the Mis-
sels, Ida Tate and A. Capling and Messrs.
S. G. Howitt, E. Anderson and D.
Tate, who were all so exceedingly
well posted in their respective parts,
that not the smallest hitch occurred.
Since the last entertainment, a
number of exceedingly well made
and comfortable seats have been
added to the hall; these, we under-
stand, were made by the members
of the club under the direction of
Mr. John Scott, as was all the work
which has been done this winter, to
make the building a comfortable
and well finished structure, which
it now is, and which is certainly a
credit to the "b'hoys."

Curling.

Great progress has been made in
the several competitions this week.
On Saturday evening last, C. T.
Bailey defeated by J. McEwen in

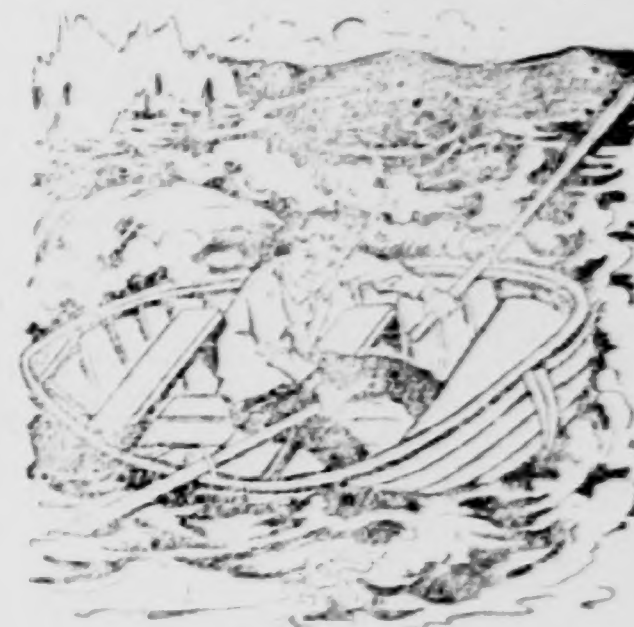
the last four ends of the game
which was left unfinished from the
lamps going out on a previous
occasion. J. H. MacCaul also de-
feated Bailey on the same evening.
On Monday Dr. Henderson met
R. Johnston and was defeated after
a hard game for the flour, and on
Tuesday night Beauchamp and
McNaughton played the final game
for the stones. Beauchamp won
by two points.

The Re-Union

A Large Gathering In Attend-
ance at the Agricul-
tural Ball.

The tenth annual reunion of the
South Qu'Appelle Agricultural
Society was held in the town hall
last evening, and was, as is always
the case here, the event of the
season. Despite the inclemency of
the weather and drifted roads a
large gathering was in attendance.
Everything had been previously
arranged by the energetic commit-
tees so that no hitch in the pro-
gramme could possibly take place—
so everything went lovely.

About nine o'clock dancing
commenced, Mrs. Dr. Creamer and
Messrs. V. W. Bonford and W.
Powley furnishing the music, while
Mr. A. Gray acted as floor manager.
Those who did not come to dance
enjoyed themselves in one of the
spacious rooms overhead, either
with parlor games or in social chat.
The supper room had tables laid for
about eighty and fairly groaned
under the good things provided by
the fair hands of our farmers' wives
and daughters, to which ample
justice was done on the announce-
ment of supper. After supper
dancing was resumed and did not
cease until about 4 a.m. It is to
be regretted that many familiar
faces from the Fort and Indian
Head, who generally make it a
point to attend the reunions here,
were unavoidably absent. While
not yet able to learn of the financial
success of the reunion, we congrat-
ulate the society on the splendid
success of the social part of it, and
we think the reunion of 1898 will
be long remembered as a most
enjoyable affair.



A man who neglects his health is sailing
his craft of life in dangerous seas. He
cannot too soon awaken to the fact that he
is neglecting his most precious endow-
ment. All the wealth in the world, all the
power in the world, all the pleasure in the
world, all the love and poetry and music
and nobility and beauty are but dust in the
mouth of the man who has lost his health.
Keeping healthy means looking after the
disorders that ninety-nine men in a hun-
dred neglect. You cannot get the average
every day man to believe that indigestion
or biliousness or nervousness or headache
or loss of sleep or appetite or weakness in
the morning and dizziness through the day
amount to much one way. He will "push
pooh" at you, until some morning he
wakes up and feels himself sick, and
then he will go to a doctor and find out
to his surprise that all these disorders have
been but the result of neglect of a big malady
that has robbed him of his health, possibly
forever. It may be one of the most com-
mon, but it is the most dangerous of all
the ailments of the age. It matters not
how they all have their inception in the
same neglected disorder. Dr. Pierce's
Great Peppermint Cure makes the ap-
petite, keeps the digestion perfect, the liver
active, the blood pure, the nerves steady
and gives sound and refreshing sleep. It
is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder.
It cures 98 per cent of all cases of con-
sumption. In fact bronchitis, throat and
lung affections generally yield to it. Medi-
cine stores sell it.
One or two at bedtime cure constipation.
—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regu-
late and invigorate the stomach, liver and
bowels. By all medicine dealers.

Incorporated 1870.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

This Is
Our
Bargain Month.

BARGAINS

IN
Dress Goods,
Furs,
Hosiery,
Ribbons,
Etc., Etc.

Bargains in
Felt Boots,
Overshoes,
Moccasins,
Etc., Etc.

Bargains in
Crockery and
Glassware,

AT THE
Hudson's Bay Co'y
Fort Qu'Appelle.

Thursday, February 17, 1898.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

A FEW BRIEF PARAGRAPHS FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

The Flotam and Jetsam of the World Around us Portrayed in Condensed Items, Which Treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

President Barrios, of Guatemala has been assassinated.

The population of Greater New York is estimated at 3,428,899.

United States fruit and horses will be excluded from Germany.

New York chamber of commerce adopted a resolution favoring Britain's policy in China.

The C. P. R. and G. T. R. are cutting passenger rates between Montreal and Toronto.

The financial statement of Nova Scotia shows this year's expenditure at \$853,998, with a deficit of \$21,438.

James Allison, of Berlin, Ont., has been executed for the murder of Mrs. Anthony Orr, August 9th last.

Major Cartwright, son of Sir Richard Cartwright, has been appointed assistant adjutant-general at headquarters of the militia department, Ottawa.

Thomas Nulty, of Rawdon, Que., a youth of twenty, found guilty of having murdered three of his sisters, ranging from eighteen to eleven years, and a little brother aged nine years, has been sentenced to hang on May 29 next.

The recent order of the Canadian custom officials at Lake Tagish, prohibiting any person to pass there with less than 1,000 pounds of provisions for each man, has had the effect of stopping many people who had started for Dawson people with less than that amount.

Alex. Frazer, of Dublin, Ont., committed suicide the other morning by drowning himself in a well. He leaves a widow and a young family. Despondency over being out of work and dread that his family might become in want for the necessities of life were the causes of the suicide.

Insurgents in Cuba blew up a train, between Boniato and San Vicente, Santiago de Cuba, destroying a first-class passenger car and a cattle car. Five persons were killed and twenty-seven wounded. The insurgents afterwards attacked the train but were repulsed by the escort until the arrival of reinforcements.

William J. Quinlan, Jr., cashier of the Chemical National bank, of New York, has resigned his position. He acknowledged in a letter to the directors that he had loaned \$393,000 of the bank's money without consulting the president and knowing the directors would not approve of the action. He denies that he profited by the loans.

Some time ago it was announced that life insurance companies would not take risks on parties going to the Klondike. After considering the matter, two of the largest companies have decided to issue policies, but at advanced rates. Gold-seekers can now obtain insurance upon payments of \$10 per \$1,000 over the ordinary rate.

It is announced in a special dispatch from Perth, Australia, that Victor Lane and David Hooke, who when on a prospecting tour on Mount Malcolm, after wandering in the bush for a week without water or food, opened each others veins, and sucked each others blood. They sustained life in this manner for a few days and then became delirious. Lane was found dying, and Hooke has not yet been found.

Edmund Dupuis on returning from church to his home, five miles from the village of St. Jermyn, Que., found his house in flames. Single handed he made desperate efforts to save his wife and children, but succeeded in rescuing but one child. Mrs. Dupuis and the other two children perished in the flames almost before his eyes. The child who was rescued is not expected to live, being badly burned. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

The municipal commissioner has received a largely signed petition from ratepayers of the rural municipality of Assiniboia, asking for a special audit of the municipal accounts. It is alleged in the petition that there has been no application of the annual audits during the past few years, and also that municipal moneys are being used for the purpose of supporting Catholic separate schools. The municipality adjoins Winnipeg on the west.

"Eaton makes me tired, bragging of his wife all the time, as he does. He says that all he is owes to her." "Do you call that bragging about her?"

She—They say there's a fool in every family. Don't you think so? He—Er—well, you see, I'm the only member of the family.

Cure For Drunkenness.

The Dyke Cure removes all craving for alcoholic stimulants in a few days. In four weeks completes perfect cure. A simple vegetable tonic. Can be taken privately as a home treatment. No bad after effects, and no loss of time from business.

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice of Ontario, Toronto.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont.
G. W. Yarker, Banker, Toronto.
R. J. Fleming, ex-mayor of Toronto.
H. S. Strathy, Manager Trades Bank, Toronto.
S. Nordheimer, German Consul, Toronto.

"WISHED MYSELF DEAD."

How Many a Poor Dyspeptic Has the Same Wail? But South American Nervine Gives a New Lease of Life.

Mrs. Mary A. Sinnott, of Penetanguishene, writes, "I was a great sufferer for over four years from nervous indigestion and dyspepsia; often wished myself dead; was attended by best physicians; tried many remedies but found very little relief. I was attracted towards South American Nervine by reading of the wonderful cures wrought by it. I had about lost all faith in medicine, but I concluded to try it. One bottle wonderfully relieved me. I gained strength right away. My appetite returned and in a very short while I was completely cured. I cheerfully recommend it."

Mistress of the house—My good man, did you ever take a bath? Tramp—No, mum, I never took anything bigger'n a silver teapot.

KIDNEY WARNING.

A Score of Symptoms Tell the Victim That Kidney Disorders Have Fastened Themselves on Him—South American Kidney Cure is the Potent Remedy.

A simple headache, or a little pain in the kidney region, may cause no alarm, but it is one of the never-failing signs of kidney disease, and to neglect the warning may mean the deep seating of that most insidious of diseases which puts more people in an untimely grave than all other causes combined. South American Kidney Cure relieves in six hours, and cures permanently.

Wisdom is to the mind what health is to the body.—Rochefoucauld.

RHEUMATIC AGONY.

There's Delightful Relief in One or Two Doses of South American Rheumatic Cure.

E. H. Norton, of Grimsby, Ont., says: "I tried homeopathic and other remedies and was under medical attendance for inflammatory rheumatism. None of them gave me any relief. My legs and arms were useless. I could do nothing for three weeks. I was confined to my bed and suffered agonies. I was advised to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I felt benefit after two or three doses. Four bottles completely cured me, and I am as well as ever I was."

Chilecot Pass Railway.

The cable railway over the Chilecot Pass is nearly complete. It is one of the most striking illustrations yet made of the adaptability of modern engineering to novel and difficult conditions. The so-called cable road is nothing of the sort, as that term is ordinarily understood. It does not touch the ground, except with steel tripods or stilts upon which the cable is carried. To the cable will be fastened the packages of merchandise and the little cars or big baskets in which men and women will be given an airy ride over the mountains. It may readily be seen that such a cable road can be constructed rapidly and at small expense. There is little or no work to be done in preparing the ground above which the cable runs. No bridges are needed to cross streams and the entire equipment is very much lighter and cheaper than that of any railroad.

Trouble is Anticipated.

Japan is going to invade the Klondike. A standing army of 5,000 able-bodied laborers are being got together for the gold fields, and in a month or so they will make a descent on Dawson City. One of the Nippon Yuen Kaisha steamers will take them there, but as they will not land on the soil of the United States, there will be no one to say them nay unless Great Britain takes a hand in the matter. One of the Japanese steamers that has been carrying laborers will be used in carrying them to their destination. It is added that the Japanese will be brought over by a syndicate and trouble in the Klondike is predicted.

Cost of the Cuban War.

The cost of the Cuban war from February, 1895, to the end of 1897, is officially estimated at \$18,000,000 besides the arrears due from the Cuban treasury amounting to \$8,000,000. El Imparcial complains that the commercial negotiations between Spain, Cuba and the United States, are being entrusted to Senor de Lome, the Spanish minister at Washington, and urges the government to appoint experts to examine the terms of the treaty on Spain's behalf.

INTERESTING NOTES FOR THE LADIES.

Success in Dyeing Means Pleasure and Profit.

Beware of crude and worthless imitations of Diamond Dyes. See that your dealer gives you the "Diamond" when you ask for them.

Diamond Dyes have a world wide reputation; their work is of the highest order, and their success is deserved.

There are forty-eight colors in the Diamond Dyes for dyeing wool and cotton goods; each dye is perfectly true to color, and as reliable as pure gold.

Diamond Dyes color anything any color. They are fast to soap, washing and sun, and surpass all others in brilliancy.

Diamond Dyes are the strongest dyes made, hence the cheapest; one package is equal to three of any other make.

Never be deceived by the false claims of imitators of Diamond Dyes. If your merchant asks you to accept another make of dyes, be sure he is after large profits, and never thinks of your comfort and success.

Book of directions and sample card of forty-eight colors sent free to any address by Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q.

DEAR SIRS,—I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism, and lately have been confined to my bed. Seeing your MINARD'S LINIMENT advertised, I tried it and got immediate relief. I ascribe my restoration to health to the wonderful power of your medicine.

Burin, N.B.

LEWIS S. BUTLER.

MAGNIFICENT NERVE.

How Capt. Ray Stood off a Mob of Toughs.

E. Hazard Wells, the special courier who brought Capt. Ray's dispatches from Yukon, has reached Washington. He did not bring a full copy of the dispatches these having been expressed by General Merriam from Seattle. Wells said: "I cannot properly say anything as to Captain Ray's report, but I can say that I left him in a very critical position, and the sooner the government gets support in to him the better. Capt. Ray had only one man with him—Lieut. Richardson. They reached Fort Yukon somewhat ahead of a mob of between 80 and 100 of the toughest men that could be picked out at Dawson, and when I left the Captain he was standing off this mob from provision caches, largely by virtue of a small American flag and his magnificent nerve. When the food famine struck Dawson, this mob of toughs left for Fort Yukon, knowing that the Alaska Commercial company had several caches of provisions there. These Dawson men intended to appropriate these supplies and let the rest of the camp shift for itself. When Capt. Ray learned this, he posted himself at one of the caches while Lieut. Richardson guarded the other. They were in uniform and each of them had a small American flag. The mob attacked the Capt. first and ordered him to give up. He refused, and for a time it looked as though there would be shooting, but between his uniform and the flag the mob was overawed. Ray then established himself as a sort of military dictator, and superintended the sale and distribution of provisions. He will send a report to the companies when it is all over."

Rothschilds are Interested.

The Rothschilds, England's financiers, have for a big price, acquired from agents in Vancouver, B.C., the hydraulic gold gravel claims on the Hunker creek in the Yukon. The deposit is said to be 120 feet thick and enormously rich. As a rule hydraulic mining for gold will not pay as available and sufficient water pressure can only be secured for such a short season, but the Hunker creek claim is so especially rich that Rothschild's agent cabled to accept at once. The lease will be for twenty years, the original owner, a poor Swede, named Anderson, from whom the property was disposed retaining an interest. Rothschild's will spend \$150,000 at once in developing the property and if profitable will invest a few millions in the country.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

Englishman—I have no time to waste fighting a duel. Frenchman—It only requires two seconds.

Minard's Liniment the best hair restorer.

Artist—How much do you think that picture is worth? Visitor—I have no idea of the cost of artists' materials.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

Simmons—Don't you think poetry is declining? Timmins—It isn't declining so much as being declined.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

FARMERS!

Think what you will save by changing any mortgages you have bearing interest at 5 per cent. by settling the money from us at 4 1/2 or 5 per cent. Correspondence solicited.

FRED. J. HOLLAND & CO., Financial Brokers, 375 Main Street, Winnipeg.

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN, General Agent, Winnipeg.

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

The largest and finest stock of Flower, Field, Garden and Bird Seeds.

Send for my handsome illustrated Catalogue FREE.

Address—J. M. PERKINS, Seedman, 221 Market St., WINNIPEG, MAN.

W. N. U. 151.

Blue Ribbon Japan Tea is now on the market. If you want the best green tea in Canada ask for Blue Ribbon Japan.

MONSOON INDO-CEYLON TEA

EACH PACKET IS A SPECIMEN IN THE ART OF TEA GROWING.

MONSOON INDO-CEYLON TEA

IS PURE AND DELICIOUS.

25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c Per Pound.

RELIABILITY

Makes the worth in Eddy's Matches—seeing our name on the box begets confidence. Lots of other makes where you get more wood for your money—many imitations too, put up "like Eddy's," but they are very different in u e.

This name guarantees the quality.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LTD.

The Real Estate Bargain Counter.

DO YOU WANT A HOUSE? A FARM? OR A LOAN?

If so, see or write me, and you will find my terms such as will enable you to effect a saving.

WM. HARVEY, 210 PORTAGE AVE., WINNIPEG, MAN.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR BOECKH'S BRUSHES AND BROOMS.

For Sale by all Leading Houses.

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers, TORONTO, ONT.

WITCH HAZEL TOILET SOAP

FOR THE SKIN & COMPLEXION EXQUISITELY PERFUMED

THE ROYAL CROWN SOAP CO. WINNIPEG, MAN.

YOUR ATTENTION

Our No. 1 Collection contains 32 full sized packets of the best Vegetable Seeds, sufficient to furnish vegetables throughout the year, and one packet of Wild Garden Flower Seeds, which we will send prepaid to any address in the Dominion of Canada or United States at the extremely low price of \$1.

Our No. 2 Collection contains 16 packets of Vegetable Seeds and one packet Wild Garden Flower Seed Mixture. Prepaid for 25 cents.

Our No. 3 Collection contains 8 packets of Vegetable Seeds for 25c.

Our No. 4 Collection contains 40 packets of Flower Seeds for 25c.

Our No. 5 Collection contains 20 packets of Flower Seeds for 25c.

Our No. 6 Collection contains 10 packets of Flower Seeds for 25c.

All postpaid on receipt of price. For varieties in above collections see our Handsome Illustrated Catalogue containing other great offers. Mailed free to any address.

R. ALSTON, Royal Greenhouse & Seed Establishment, WINNIPEG, MAN.

THE NORTHWEST FIRE INSURANCE CO.

HEAD OFFICE, - WINNIPEG.

DIRECTORS:

COLIN INKSTER, President, WINNIPEG. W. R. DICK, Vice-President, WINNIPEG.

GEORGE W. BAKER, WINNIPEG. D. S. CURRY, WINNIPEG.

J. A. CHRISTIE, WINNIPEG. BRANDON, THOMAS GILROY, WINNIPEG.

R. ROSS SUTHERLAND, WINNIPEG. HON. WALTER CLIFFORD, AUSTIN.

J. STANLEY HUGHES, WINNIPEG. W. R. ALLAN, WINNIPEG.

ARTHUR N. PARRY, WINNIPEG. J. C. KAVANAGH, BRANDON.

C. O. WOODMAN, Secretary.

371 Main Street, WINNIPEG.

OUR WESTERN HERITAGE.

THE HAPPENINGS OF THE GREAT WEST BRIEFLY TOLD.

A Resume of the Events of the Week Told in Short and Interesting Items—Prominent People, Their Sayings and Doings.

On an average 150 men arrive daily at Victoria, B. C., to outfit for Yukon.

The Winnipeg Bicycle Club are the largest in Canada, its membership being 445.

The wholesale clothing firm of Cornell, Spira & Co., of Winnipeg, has made an assignment.

It is rumored in Montreal that James J. Hill has purchased the bonds of the M. and N. W. railway.

Application will be made at the next session of the legislature for an act to incorporate the Gretna Normal school.

An assay made in Winnipeg of galena boulders found recently near Austin, shows silver to the value of \$18 per ton.

The Y. M. C. A. of Winnipeg, are contemplating the erection in that city of a building for their own requirements in the near future.

The C. P. R. steamer Kootenay met with an accident on the Columbia river, opposite Robson, B. C. A heavy wind blew her ashore, she struck a boulder and made a hole in her side. She will be repaired at once.

A telegram has been received from a man in Kansas inquiring for steamboat rates from Edmonton to Skaguay, Wrangell or Sitka. Some people in Kansas are evidently lamentably lacking in their knowledge of Canadian geography.

Already subscriptions amounting to \$900 have been made in Winnipeg towards the erection of a Workingman's Hotel in that city. A strong committee have the handling of the scheme and no doubt is entertained of its complete success.

Application will be made at the next session of the B. C. legislature for a charter for a railway from Observatory Inlet to Glenora to connect with the Teslin lake railway. This will give a route from the coast to Dawson, all in Canadian territory.

The annual meeting of the district board of Manitoba, Canadian Wheelmen's Association, No. 3, was held in Hotel Manitoba, Winnipeg, the other evening, and the question of seceding from the Canadian Wheelmen's association was discussed but no action was taken.

The manager of the British Columbia Sugar refinery, of Vancouver, has been convicted of carrying on a business as a wholesaler without taking out a license. A fine of \$25 was imposed and the company ordered to pay \$50 for a license of six months. He will appeal.

Commissioner McCreary, of Winnipeg, has received very encouraging reports from his agents working in the western states. From all appearances the heaviest emigration to Western Canada will be from Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Michigan, Kansas and Nebraska.

A party is being organized in Victoria, B. C., to carry on dredging operations on the Hootalinqua river. They will take as a large steam cylinder similar to those used in sinking artesian wells and will work the bars of the river. The cylinder will be taken over the snow in a specially built sledge.

A dispatch from Vancouver says that a heavy landslide occurred five miles below the town of Forks, Quesnelle, the other day. The slide buried three miners named William Allen, Joe Rich, and Alexander McLean. The slide is 1,000 feet wide, 800 feet long and 25 feet high. The water packed up to the town, but when the last stage left it was subsiding.

The city council of Seattle has rejected the proposal to impose a license fee of \$500 a month on the agents of Vancouver and Victoria's board of trade considering that to do so would tend still further to publish abroad the severity of the competition for the Klondike trade, which the superior advantages in respect to duty and lower prices enable British Columbia to offer to persons going to Yukon, as compared with Seattle.

Supt. Jenkins, of the C. P. R., telegraphs, has received advice from Mr. Bosmer, manager of telegraphs, to the effect that a heavy copper wire is to be strung from Montreal through to the Pacific coast. The work will begin almost immediately. This will greatly facilitate the service. The cable to be laid between Vancouver and Victoria will leave England on one of the company's new steamers recently purchased for the Yukon traffic.

A fabulous find is recorded on an unknown creek on the Alaskan side of the Yukon. Fritz Behnson, of Victoria, B. C., writes to his brother Carl Behnson, of Vancouver, B. C.: "We have struck it rich on an unknown creek across the border, never before seen by man. In the crevices of the rocks in one day we picked up \$50,000 in coarse gold. Sell your business or give it away, and come quick with ten men." The Behnsons have large business interests in Vancouver and are thoroughly reliable. The news has spread like wild fire and will result in a stampede to the Alaskan side as soon as the locality of the find can be ascertained.

The Edmonton Route.

It has been known for a quarter of a century that there is gold in paying quantities on the bars toward the lower end of the Peace river, and that it is highly likely that there are better paying diggings higher up. The recent discoveries of gold far down the McKenzie river and the rivers emptying into the Great Slave Lake from the south, make it evident that the whole of the far Canadian Northwest, on both sides of the moun-

tains, is filled with gold. That there are immense forests of large timber, petroleum, and the wheat and wheat-growing lands in that region was long ago pointed out in parliament by the late Lieut.-Governor Schultz of Manitoba. To the south of this vast territory lies the fertile plains of Alberta and Saskatchewan, from which food supplies can be had to maintain any population that is possible in the far Northwest. These circumstances point to the Edmonton route as the great route of the future to the Northwest. This route has the great advantage over the Pacific coast of passing, the greater portion of the way, through a hospitable country capable of supporting an enormous population. It also has the advantage of being entirely within Canada, which is not the case with the proposed route via the Stikine river. The lower portion of the river lies in Alaska, and is the property of the United States. It is true that we have the treaty right to navigate that river; but treaties have been denounced before, and the United States may denounce the treaty applying to the Stikine river to-morrow. The Edmonton route is by all odds the best permanent trade to and from the great gold fields of Northwestern Canada.—Hamilton Spectator.

BURIED STEAMBOAT FOUND.

And its Valuable Cargo of Whiskey will now be Unearthed.

In 1848 the steamboat Arabia loaded at St. Louis with 185 barrels of whiskey, a large quantity of queensware and general merchandise, and started on its usual trip for Omaha and Sioux City. It got no farther toward its destination than Parksville, Mo., where it struck a snag of some kind, and its 39 or 40 passengers had all they could do to scramble to safety before the steamer sank. The women and children were saved by the prompt lowering of the boats, and the men had to swim ashore as best they could.

Thereafter the Missouri river began to play tag with its course, shifting and turning and forcing new channels until the spot where the whiskey laden boat went down was left high and dry. The lost steamer was first discovered in 1879, when its somestack and pilot's cabin were seen protruding from the Kansas side. They remained visible for several years, and during all that time, strange to say, no one thought of digging out the boat for the sake of the cargo of whiskey which it was known to have been filled from main deck to keel. It was only when it had sunk out of sight and the localities had been forgotten and lost owing to the constant varying of the map caused by the river's freaks, that we began to realize what we had missed in neglecting to secure the treasure when we had it so close to our hands.

When it was found one day the steamer had gone from sight the people around here woke up and began to search for it. Soothsayers were consulted, seventh sons of seventh sons were urged over a vast extent of territory, all to no purpose. It was ascertained after a great deal of inquiry, that a survivor of the wreck was living in the person of Charles A. Garside, but as he was only six months old, and the youngest passenger aboard at the time of the disaster, he was not able to help the sanguinary searchers with his recollections of the affair, and so they had to back to the soothsayers, seventh sons and divining rods, and at last everyone gave it up in despair.

Last January I began to think there was a possibility of discovering the lost vessel in a systematic search with a few practical men to help me, and a few of us got together and formed a company, consisting of myself, Gale Henson, T. J. Reece and J. D. Henderson. We procured a lease of five years on several hundred acres of land around the spot where it was thought the lost steamer lay, and began prospecting in earnest. We continued the search long and patiently, and it is now shown that we were so near to the treasure in many of our soundings that we almost scraped the rusty sides of the steamer with our drill points, but did not actually touch the spot.

Our method was to drive iron rods down 25 to 30 feet, and if we struck nothing but soft earth to pull them up and strike again. We had driven over nearly 100 acres of land, and were losing heart, when suddenly the drill struck something hard and metallic. We pulled it up and tried again a few feet to the right, with the same result. Then we knew we had struck our sunken whiskey mine.

The spot where the boat was found is 15 feet below low water mark and about 25 to 30 feet deep in sand. The steamer is evidently deeper in some places than in others, and apparently lies with its bowsprit lower than its stern, and slightly on its side. It is 210 feet long and 60 feet wide. We have everything in readiness to begin the work of excavating the treasure having obtained air compressors, caissons, boilers and engines, and operations will commence at once. We expect to get 5,000 gallons of whiskey and other merchandise worth in the aggregate at least \$100,000.

As to the quality of the whiskey there is no doubt in our minds, but some have endeavored to show that it has been spoiled by its long repose underground. It will certainly be the most remarkable liquor ever sampled, and should sell at a fancy figure for the mere sake of the money it will realize if doled out to those who wish to taste it as a matter of curiosity. But I believe it will be liquor fit for the Gods. It was originally splendid three-year-old Kentucky whiskey.

Foreign Company Not Wanted.

The Canadian Pacific railway has received word from Washington that Hon. Russell Alger, United States secretary for war, has thrown out that company's tender for the transportation of five hundred reindeer across the continent for the government and awarded the contract to the Pennsylvania railway, although its tender was \$1,400 higher than the Canadian Pacific's tender, being the lowest, and its route the most suitable for the purpose. Alger's action has caused a surprise at Montreal. It is believed, however, that the chief objection to the C. P. R. was that it is a foreign company.

UNCLE SAM'S DOMAIN.

Peccoliar Incidents Respecting Our Neighbors Across the Border.

West Virginia girls seem to be very "touchy" and easily offended, and rather extreme in their methods of revenge when they are offended. There was a dance at Keystone the other night and during its progress Vance Vaughn accidentally stepped on the toes of Miss Laura Snapp. He neglected to stop to tender an apology, and the girl drew a small revolver from her pocket and shot and killed him. She was promptly arrested and jailed, but declared she was glad she had done as she did.

Instances are numerous of a persons hair turning white in a few hours through fright, but cases like that of Robert E. Noway, of New York, are not so common; in fact are exceedingly rare. When Noway awoke one morning recently he was surprised in looking in the glass to find that his hair which had been dark brown the night before, had turned to snow white while he had slept. He consulted a doctor, but the latter could give no explanation of the strange occurrence. Noway has felt no physical ill effects from the sudden change.

Henry Sautmeyer, of Nashville, Ill., one day last week captured a large buzzard, the bird having walked into a turkey trap. The bird was vicious and showed fight, and its head and neck feathers were gray. Suspended from its neck by a woven wire cord was a little silver bell with "K. H. F. 1895," engraved upon it. The bell was bright from coming in contact with the bird's feathers and it tinkled merrily. The bird made its escape again. Some years ago a bird answering the same description was captured in Texas, and later heard of in Florida.

One of the strangest cases of suspended animation on record is now exciting the curiosity of New York physicians. On October 20, 1886, William Scott, trunk-maker, was assaulted by a couple of men and badly beaten. He became unconscious, and has remained so ever since. The physician who has had charge of him since the time of his injury does not believe that Scott will regain consciousness, and says that if he does not, he will die soon. The men who assaulted Scott are suffering from his peculiar condition, as they have been detained all these fifteen months awaiting the result of their victims injuries, and should he die they will be indicted for murder.

Although the buffalo is supposed to be about extinct in this country with the exception of a few specimens in zoological gardens and public parks down in Texas, there exists a herd of 300 of the animals who, though captive, live in practically the same manner as their wild ancestors did, for they are free to roam over a tract of 2,000 acres, which has been fenced in by a wealthy landowner for their exclusive use. These buffaloes, unlike those kept in close confinement of parks and small enclosures, breed rapidly, the herd having increased from twenty-five a few years ago to its present number. The owner will not allow any of them to be killed, and expects in a few years more to have a big herd of several thousand.

The Fairview tunnel through the mountains at Johnson's canyon, near Williams, Ark., is on fire and the officials of the Santa Fe Pacific fear that they may be compelled to abandon the tunnel. The new fire was caused by spontaneous combustion. In short the tunnel is now nothing but a huge for an immense lime kiln, for it is really a mountain that is being burned. The geological formation of the mountain through which the tunnel passes is chiefly limestone of a high degree of purity, and the natural moisture of the soil, with the water used to extinguish the former blaze, have resulted in starting the lime in the mountain "slaking." The railroad company has called in the noted mining and consulting engineers in Arizona and New Mexico. Meantime the Southern Pacific tracks are being used at an enormous expense.

Charles Kenyon, who lives with his father on a farm near Binghamton, N. Y., is one of the strangest men in the world. Every school child is taught that the heart is the blood pump, situated on the left side of the breast, shaped like a pear and pointing downward to the left. Charles Kenyon's heart is inverted; it is on the right side and points upward to the right. In fact, his whole circulation system is reversed. The arteries running from his heart are twisted and curled in his breast until they resemble a Chinese puzzle, and one that cannot be solved by the physicians who have examined him. Notwithstanding this fact, he enjoys good health. An old theory was that the heart was the seat of reason and ruled the action of man, and although this theory has been disproved by science, in Mr. Kenyon's case it seems to apply. His every action is governed by his heart. His heart is wrong side up and his actions are correspondingly queer. What he does is done exactly opposite from the ordinary way. When at school his first inclination was to write backward, beginning at the bottom and right side of the slate. Of course, these oddities have been to a certain extent overcome.

Navy Food Supplies.

Officials of the Pacific Mail Steamship company say that within the past few days there has been an astonishing increase in shipments of food supplies to the Orient consequent upon the gathering in Chinese waters of English, German and French war ships. They also state that a few days ago a representative of the English government placed an order in Kansas City for 2,000 tons of beef to be sent to the English fleet in Chinese waters. The Russian government, they also state, has given a big order to two Chicago houses for canned goods and beef, part of which will be sent from this port to the Orient, and the remainder by way of Vancouver or Seattle. An agent of the Russian government has an order for 1,200 tons of beef. This order for canned goods is intended as part of the

supplies for the Russian troops now being sent from Odessa to the Manchurian frontier. The agents of the French and German governments have also placed orders for meat supplies, both at Omaha and Chicago.

LIFE IN SMALL CITIES.

More Comfort, Happiness and Success Than in the Big Centres.

"The higher salaries of the larger cities is, perhaps, what attracts young men more potently than any other factor," writes Edward W. Bok in the Ladies' Home Journal, pointing out "Where Success Awaits Young Men"—"In the smaller cities. 'But unfortunately,' he says, 'as thousands of young men have found for themselves, these salaries are not so high as they were led to believe, nor will the city income buy as much in the metropolis as they bargained for. A salary of two thousand dollars a year in the big city will not bring a young man the comfortable living which one thousand dollars a year means to him in the smaller community. With a far more moderate salary the rising young clerk, manager or business man in the small city lives like a king in comparison to the man of equal position in the large center. If he earns a thousand or two a year he has his own little home, by lease or purchase. For twenty-five dollars per month he can have his own pretty cottage, with God's pure sunshine on four sides of it. His children have their own grass-plots for their playground. His porch is his evening pleasure and his Sunday delight. Trees shade his street, cool his rooms, and make living a comfort. His friends live all around him. He knows the man who lives next door. His neighbors' children are his children's playmates. His social life has a meaning to it; it is a joy and an exhilaration to him. When he goes out in the evening it is into a home gathering where every face is familiar, and where he is known and welcomed. He has time to read, something which the man in the larger city, whom he envies, has not. His church is to him like a family gathering every Sunday morning. The man in the pulpit is his pastor, who, perhaps, has baptized him, married him, and will baptize and marry his children. Respected in his circle of friends, every step of progress in his business is known to them, and is the cause for congratulation. He is within easy walking distance or trolley ride of his place of business. To his wife his home is her joy, and not her care. She has time for her children, her home, her social duties, her reading and her church. The blood of health rushes through the veins of her children as they sleep and play in an unpolluted atmosphere. Life means something to such a man; it means happiness—the truest measure of all success."

The Savage Bachelor.

"I have half a mind to get married," said the lonely man.

"I take," said the savage bachelor, "just about that amount of mind to think of such a thing."—Chicinnati Enquirer.

When It Becomes Popular.

"A 'popular song,'" explained the student of social phenomena, "is one that has come to be quite generally regarded as a nuisance."—Detroit News.

The Lightest Substance.

The pith of the sunflower stem is said to be the lightest substance known. Its specific gravity is 0.028, as compared with 0.09 for elder pith, hitherto recognized as the lighter material, and 0.1 for reindeer hair and 0.24 for cork. The sunflower is extensively cultivated in central Russia, mainly for its seeds. But the discovery of the extreme lightness of its pith has added to its commercial value. For life saving appliances at sea cork has a buoyancy of 1 to 5 and reindeer hair 1 to 10, while sunflower pith has a buoyancy of 1 to 35.

What He Forgot.

"Didn't you forget something, sir?" asked the waiter.

"Yes," replied Glumpy, reaching for his hat. "You were so long bringing my dinner that I forgot what I had ordered."—Philadelphia North American.

No Strength to Waste.

"I understand now why football players wear their hair long."

"Well, why is it?"

"You know yourself how feeble you feel after a barber has nearly talked you to death."—Chicago Record.

Railroad Extension.

There is every possibility that the Pipestone branch of the C. P. R. will be extended to the Moose Mountain district this summer. The distance will be about 45 miles and besides opening out a fine farming country the line would run through an old established settlement that is greatly in need of railway facilities. The farmers on the line, who now have to go long distances for timber and coal, would be able to get wood much cheaper by means of the railway from the Moose Mountains. Good fishing and boating may be had in these mountains, where there are over 100 lakes of great beauty for the summer holiday seeker. Rev. Mr. Douglas, M. P., is interesting himself in the matter at Ottawa and a delegation will also interview the local government before many weeks on the subject.

The Rate War Continues.

A high official of the Grand Trunk says that there is every prospect of a lively rate war between the Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific. The Grand Trunk, according to the information, will meet the cut in rates inaugurated by the C. P. R. and in the words of the official in question, "You will be able to travel from Montreal to Toronto next week for \$5." Davis, of the Grand Trunk, is hurrying home from Chicago, and his arrival will likely be followed by sensational developments.

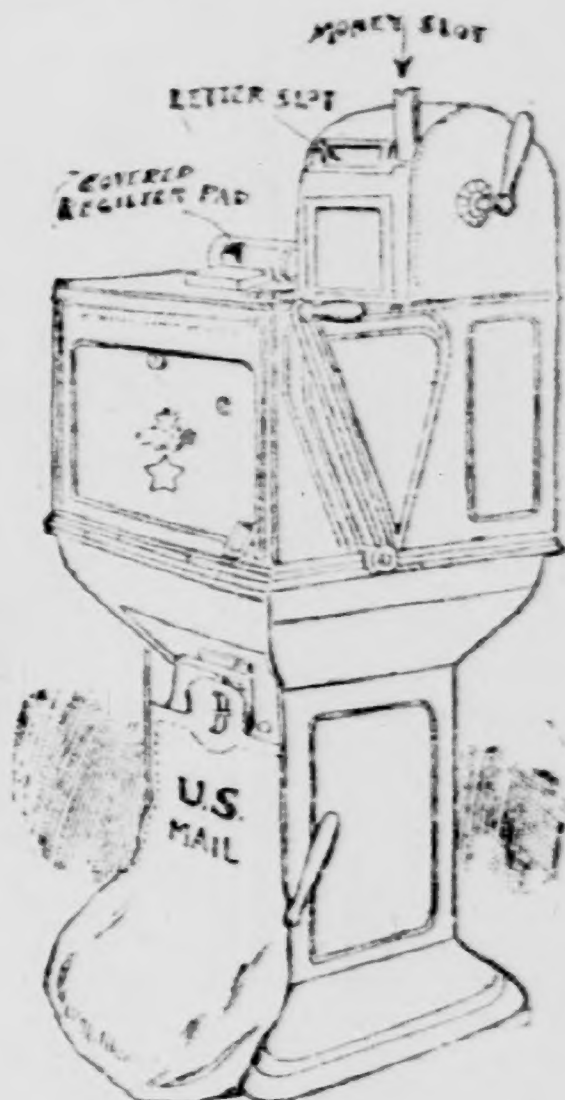
Most Probable.—Penelope—And what do you think? Marie writes me that the count has at last expressed his love to her. Ethel—H'm!—C. O. D., I suppose?

REGISTER YOUR LETTERS.

Drop Them In the Slot and the Machine Does the Rest.

A slot machine which takes the place of the registered letter clerk is now being given a trial by the postal authorities. Three of the machines have been placed in New York, and it is found that they will do the work successfully the machine will be adopted as a regular adjunct to the postoffice system all over the country.

It costs 8 cents besides the regular 2 cents postage to register a letter, and the slot machine offers no out rate. To work the machine you first drop a dime into the slot at the upper right hand side. It must be a United States silver coin in good



HOW THE SLOT MACHINE LOOKS.

condition. If it is plugged, under weight or a counterfeit, the machine will refuse to work, and the spurious coin will be dropped contemptuously on the floor at your feet.

If the coin is all right, a square iron cover on the top flies up automatically, and the machine is open for business. The cover reveals a ruled form of paper on which you write the name and address of the person to whom you wish to send the letter; also your own name and address. Then you find a small lever at the upper right hand side of the machine. When you press this back, the letter slot is opened, and you drop in your letter. Next you grab the handle of the big lever at the right and force it back until a bell rings. As you do this the iron cover closes, and locks over the writing roll. Now you jerk the big lever forward until the bell rings again. As you do this a duplicate of your writing, on a separate slip of paper, is shoved out at the left hand side, and on this are printed the postoffice date mark, the serial number of the letter and the postmaster's signature. This is your receipt. Your original writing remains in the box until the letters are removed, and then it goes with them.

That is all there is to the process. In order that the collector may not have an opportunity to tamper with the registered mail the machine is fitted with a hopper at the bottom over the opening of which is fastened a patent mail bag. This bag cannot be removed until it is locked and cannot be opened until it reaches the postoffice. The dimes fall into a brass cylinder in the order in which they were deposited, so that the postoffice people, if they find a bad dime, can tell at once by running over the written slips just who put it there and hold his letter until he produces a good coin.

THE CONNECTING LINK.

Discovery of a Darwinian Race in Assam, Asia.

In April, 1893, the Fourth Ghorkas were sent from Mandalay, in Burmah, to Shillong, in Assam. As the troops marched through the country of the Ahoms the wet weather obliged them to seek shelter in what appeared to be a granary. The native priests, objected to the quartermaster of the troops in the granary, but upon the command of the



THE MISSING LINK.

officers the doors were battered down and the troops entered. The granary proved to be an "Ahom" temple, and four Ahoms were within worshipping. It was the first time that specimens of this remarkable race had been seen by white men. The word "Ahom" is derived from the Sanskrit and means unequalled. These people declare that they are descended from the god Indra, and refuse to hold communication with white men. They are a very low order of human being dwarfish and apelike in stature, with abnormally long arms and perfectly developed tails. Their feet are shaped on almost the same lines as that of an ape, the toes being prehensile.

The officers brought one of the Ahom women and her children to Shillong, where a photograph was taken of one of the children.

A Broad Hint.

Husband—My friend hardly recognized you today.

Wife—That's strange, for I wore the same hat you bought for me three years ago.—Fliegende Blätter.

TRY Vanity Fair Cigarettes

W. S. KIMBALL & CO.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

17 First Prize Medals

Qu'Appelle: Progress

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
At the Printing Office, Qu'Appelle Station,
Assa, N.W.T., Canada.

Subscription Price \$1 per annum in ad-
vance; \$1.50 if not so paid.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business cards as per arrangement ac-
cording to space.
Transient Ads, such as Legal Notices,
By Laws, Tenders, Notice of Meetings, etc.,
10 cents per line first insertion, and 5 cents
each subsequent insertion, solid nonpareil
measure.

Reading notices in local columns 10 cents
per line each insertion.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Found,
Astray, etc., 50c for first insertion, 25c for
each subsequent insertion. This class of
ads. must be accompanied by cash to insure
publication.

Church Notices and Society Entertain-
ments from which a revenue is to be derived
will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents
per line.

Rates for Commercial, Contract and Per-
manent advertisements will be furnished on
application.

A liberal commission allowed to parties
willing to act as agents for us. Write for
terms.

S. T. SCOTT,
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, FEB 17, 1898.

Chickney.

Another outbreak of the civil war
(surprise parties) occurred here on
the 10th inst. This raid was com-
manded by the captain-general of
the forces, Mr. Ed Johnstone. His
subordinate, Mr. H. Hamm, lead
the rear portion of the division.
This time they made a raid on Mrs.
Newberry, and, as at Mr. Ferrier's,
soon disposed of all the ammunition
they brought with them. They
then turned their attention to creat-
ing disorder and making as much
noise as possible, dancing and jump-
ing about in a most hilarious man-
ner. In the wee sma' hours they
returned to their homes, nearly
worn out with their strenuous ex-
ertions.

Miss Clara Garratt has been
visiting at S. Chipperfield's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Garratt,
accompanied by their two young
sons, have been visiting friends in
Grenfell.

Mr. J. T. Stilborn, who received
a nasty kick from a horse some
time ago and was thought to be on
the mend, is much worse again.

We are glad to hear that Mr. C.
G. Brown of Indian Head, is going
to teach our public school again
this summer.

BETWEEN \$200 AND \$300 GONE.

STILL HIS CATARRH REMAINED.

A 25 CENT BOX OF DR. CHASE'S
CATARRH CURE DOES
EFFECTIVE WORK.

Catarrh sufferers and those af-
flicted with Cold in the Head, Hay
Fever, Sneezing and Spitting, Foul
Breath, Loss of Taste and Smell
and the many disagreeable and dis-
tressing consequences attendant
upon them, should have no time in
procuring Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, Gifford Ont., writes
as follows: "I spent between two and
three hundred dollars, tried all kinds of
treatments but got no benefit. One box
of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure did me more
good than all other remedies. In fact I
consider myself cured, and with a 25 cent
box of Chase's Catarrh Cure."

Sold by all Dealers.
Complete with Flower at 25 cents.

A Woman to Women.

She Has Reason to Believe that
Paine's Celery Compound is
the Best Medicine in the
World.

Mrs. Allen Has Rid Herself of Nervous-
ness and Neuralgia.

She says:

"After Using Seven Bottles of the
Compound I am Well and strong."

Paine's Celery Compound Gives
Health and Good Looks to
Sick Women of Every
Age.

Wells & Richardson Co.,

Dear Sirs:—It gives me great
pleasure to testify to the fact that
Paine's Celery Compound has
caused a remarkable change in my
condition. For ten years I have
suffered from nervousness and neu-
ralgia, and have used medicines of
all kinds without finding relief.

Your Paine's Celery Compound
was recommended to me, and after
using seven bottles I find myself
well and strong, and can rest with
ease and comfort. I believe it to
be the best medicine in the world,
and I always recommend it with
pleasure.

Yours truly,

Mrs. A. Allen, Ramsay, Ont.

A Clergyman's Thumping Heart

Cured After Years of Tedious but Fruitless
Treatment—These are the Words of Rev.
L. W. Showers, of Elderton, Pa.

"My case was chronic. Had uneasiness
about the heart, and palpitation since I
was a boy. As soon as I saw Dr. Agnew's
Cure for the Heart advertised, I procured it.
I am now using my fifth bottle and expe-
rience great improvement. The choking,
abnormal beating and warm feeling and
thumping have entirely disappeared. This
remedy will save your life if you are a vic-
tim of heart disease."

Sold by Parker & Henderson.

Lebret.

(Received too late for last week)

The Lebret Public School Liter-
ary society met on Friday, Feb. 4,
at 3 p.m., and elected the following
officers: President, Maggie Barnes;
secretary, Alex. Goyer. An inter-
esting and varied programme was
then rendered. The society, al-
though as yet in its infancy, gives
good promise of a healthy growth
in the sphere of intellectual and
literary activity.

The Lebret Public School boys
have organized a football club, with
the following officers: Capt., Sixte
Coupal; sec.-treas., Harold Sey-
mour. The boys hope in a short
time to have a very creditable foot-
ball team. Communications rela-
tive to proposed matches addressed
to the secretary, will be duly con-
sidered by the members of the club.

Dr. and Mrs. Seymour took in
the farmers' reunion at Indian
Head on the 3rd inst., returning
home on Friday evening.

On Thursday the 3rd inst., two
weddings took place at the Indus-
trial school. Jose McNab was
united to Agnes Johnston, and
Lewis Johnson to Martha Wilson.
The former going to Fife Hills and
the latter to the Sioux reserve to
reside, all parties being pupils of
the school. The Rev. Principal,
Father Hugonard officiated. Our
best wishes accompany them in
their future home.

Miss Sarah McKinnon left
Lebret for Edmonton on the 18th,
where she is going to take charge
of a school. Bon voyage.

Mr. J. P. Long, re. of Swift Cur-
rent, visited his brother, J. A.
Longpre, on Sunday and Monday
of this week.

Mr. A. Goyer, an old Mounted
Police man, is talking of going to
the Yukon next month.

Messrs. R. Johnston and Sergt.
Clyde of Qu'Appelle Station gave a
musical call to J. A. Longpre this

"Eight Routes to the Klondike"

Is the title of an up-to-date hand-
book issued by The Colonist Print-
ing and Publishing Company, of
Winnipeg, giving the latest infor-
mation about the various routes by
which the famous Yukon goldfields
may be reached. It contains full
descriptions of the different routes
together with tables of distances,
cost of outfit, a map of the routes,
and much general information of
value to persons starting for the
Yukon. Copies may be had from
the publishers for 25 cents each.

The Most Fashionable and the Most

Dyspepsia or indigestion has be-
come a fashionable disease. There
are very few individuals who have
not at various times experienced
the miserable feeling caused by
defective digestion. No pen can
describe the keen suffering of the
body and the agony and anguish
of mind endured by the dyspeptic.
Dr. La Londe, of 236 Pine Ave.
Montreal, says, "When I ever run
across chronic cases of dyspepsia I
always prescribe Dr. Chase's Kid-
ney-Liver Pills, and my patients
usually have quick relief."

Blacks That are Blacks.

Three Favorites of the Diamond
Dyes.

The Diamond Dye Blacks are
scientific successes that are every-
where appreciated by the ladies.

Diamond Dye Fast Black for
Wool stands ahead of all other
wool dyes for fulness, richness and
depth of color. All-wool goods
when they have become rusty and
soiled can be restored to a deep jet
black, equal to the best French
blacks, and fitted for long years of
wear.

Diamond Dye Fast Black for
Cotton and mixed goods is the only
dye in the world for dyeing cotton
and all mixed fabrics. It gives a
permanent and never fading color.

Diamond Dye Fast Black for Silk
and feathers is a triumph of the
chemical art, and has surprised
the world. All silk goods and
feathers that are faded, spotted and
soiled can be dyed a lovely jet
black with this special dye, making
old things look equal to new goods.

The Diamond Blacks are the best
in the world. Ask for them and
refuse all imitations and poor
makes.

Seen in the Shows.

Coral necklaces for grown people.
Coral is coming into vogue again as
evening jewelry. It is most becoming
to some people.

Small silver pronged stands for wine
bottles. These save the housewife many
a table cloth stain.

Small leather or silk chatelaine bags
which serve the purpose of holding the
many articles of the dressing chatelaine
and is much less troublesome and less
expensive.

The using of white Arizona hats
as the ornament on the handle of a sun-
shade.

The only sailor hats which are at all
fashionable have very narrow brims and
very brilliant bands.

Silk gloves are stacking the counters
for warm weather wear.

The silver harness buckle on leather
belts is going out for exclusive wear by
reason of its cheap imitations and indis-
criminate use.

From Gowns.

The variety in linen gowns is very
pretty, and dark blue, combined with
white, green or yellow for collar, vest
and bands, is very smart and becoming.
Bands of white linen trim the blue linen
costumes, while ecru linen gowns have
bands of blue.

THE SURGEON FOILED.

Wanted to Perform an
Operation.

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS
RENDERED IT UNNECESSARY.

Too many doctors are too ready to use
the knife. Many a one is sacrificed on
the altar of a surgeon's ambition to oper-
ate who could be saved by the use of Dr.
Chase's K. L. Pills. The case of MRS.
W. B. ALLEN, of E. phys. Ont., is one in
point. Her husband says that she had
been doctoring with several doctors for
induration of the bladder for over a
year.

"The last bottle I got from the doctor
he said if that did her no good she would
be compelled to have an operation per-
formed. He finally pinned up a sample of
Dr. Chase's K. L. Pills in Mr. Duford's
store, and my wife took one pill that
night and on the morning, and she has
never felt the least sign of pain since. I
will always keep Dr. Chase's Pills in my
house for all our family complaints."

PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX,
AT ALL DEALERS.

Have you tried



Smoking Tobacco?

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate,
Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel,
Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. C. E. GARTHER, Qu'Appelle, Phy-
sician, Surgeon, Coroner, Etc. Gradu-
ate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,
Graduate of McGill University,
Licentiate of College of Physicians and Sur-
geons, N.W.T. Office at home.

NOTICE

ANY person taking wood of any descrip-
tion off the lands belonging to the
Edgeley estate will be prosecuted. By order
of W. C. CAMERON.
Edgeley, Nov. 20, 1897.



F. BELL, Sec.

WANTED.
Industrious Men of Character
THE LINSOTT COMPANY,
TORONTO.

WANTED—CANNASERS—"Queen
Victoria, Her Life and Reign," has
captured the British Empire. Extraordi-
nary testimonials from the great men; send
for copy free. Marquis of Lorne says,
"The best popular life of the Queen I have
seen." Her Majesty sends a kind letter of
appreciation. Selling by thousands, gives
enthusiastic satisfaction. Cannasurers make
\$15 to \$10 weekly. The Bradley-Garrett-
son Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS SELL "KLONDIKE GOLD"
Fields like a whitewash. Prospe-
ctus 25 cents, worth \$1.00. Big pay. Cap-
ital unnecessary. The Bradley-Garrett-
son Co., Limited, Toronto.

If You are Energetic and Strong,
If you are above foolish prejudice against
cannassing for a good book, write and get
my proposition. The information will cost
nothing.

I have put hundreds of men in the way
of making money; some of whom are now
rich.

I can do good things for you, if you are
honorable and will work hard.

T. S. LINSOTT, Toronto.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,

House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging

and Kalamining.

ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

QU'APPELLE STATION and

INDIAN HEAD.

The Leland Hotel,
QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

The most popular house in the west.
Modern conveniences. Home comforts.
First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and
cigars. Good sample rooms for com-
mercial travellers. Convenient to railway.
Headquarters for stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel.

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.

FIRST class accommodation for guests.
Tables supplied with the best in the
market. Fine sample rooms for com-
mercial travellers. Choice brands of Wines,
Liquors and Cigars. Porter meets all trains.
Rates \$1 per day.

Merchant Tailors

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING
SUIT OF CLOTHES, CALL ON...

J. H. Brethauer & Co.,
Who have got

THE BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE
Samples on the market.

Prices Right. Give Us a Call

T. COWAN,

Blacksmith and Carriage Maker

Horseshoeing and all Repairing done on

shortest notice. Satisfaction

Guaranteed.

QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.



KLONDYKE

Write for pamphlet
descriptive of the
routes to the Yu-
kon country, and
sailing dates,
rates, etc.

Sailings for

FEBRUARY:

Islander	Feb. 15
Queen	" 10
Thistle	" 17
Victorian	" 17
Danube	" 22
Cottage City	" 24
Victorian	" 27
Queen	" 28

All agents can ticket through, which will
include meals and berth.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. agent, or to

ROBERT KEER,
Traffic Manager, Winnipeg

Ocean Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Shortest and quickest route to the
Country.

	From St. John's
Lake Huron	Beaver Line, Feb. 1
Lake Superior	Beaver Line, Feb. 2
Germanic	White Star Line, Feb. 3
Tarentine	White Star Line, Feb. 3
New York	American Line, Feb. 4
Paris	American Line, Feb. 4
Aurora	Canadian Line, Feb. 5
Lunenburg	Canadian Line, Feb. 11
Friesland	Red Star Line, Feb. 12
Kennington	Red Star Line, Feb. 12

Labrador Dominion Line, Feb. 1
Vancouver Dominion Line, Feb. 12
Mongolian Allan Line, Feb. 1
Fairman Allan Line, Feb. 1
Cables \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$65, \$70, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100, \$105, \$110, \$115, \$120, \$125, \$130, \$135, \$140, \$145, \$150, \$155, \$160, \$165, \$170, \$175, \$180, \$185, \$190, \$195, \$200, \$205, \$210, \$215, \$220, \$225, \$230, \$235, \$240, \$245, \$250, \$255, \$260, \$265, \$270, \$275, \$280, \$285, \$290, \$295, \$300, \$305, \$310, \$315, \$320, \$325, \$330, \$335, \$340, \$345, \$350, \$355, \$360, \$365, \$370, \$375, \$380, \$385, \$390, \$395, \$400, \$405, \$410, \$415, \$420, \$425, \$430, \$435, \$440, \$445, \$450, \$455, \$460, \$465, \$470, \$475, \$480, \$485, \$490, \$495, \$500, \$505, \$510, \$515, \$520, \$525, \$530, \$535, \$540, \$545, \$550, \$555, \$560, \$565, \$570, \$575, \$580, \$585, \$590, \$595, \$600, \$605, \$610, \$615, \$620, \$625, \$630, \$635, \$640, \$645, \$650, \$655, \$660, \$665, \$670, \$675, \$680, \$685, \$690, \$695, \$700, \$705, \$710, \$715, \$720, \$725, \$730, \$735, \$740, \$745, \$750, \$755, \$760, \$765, \$770, \$775, \$780, \$785, \$790, \$795, \$800, \$805, \$810, \$815, \$820, \$825, \$830, \$835, \$840, \$845, \$850, \$855, \$860, \$865, \$870, \$875, \$880, \$885, \$890, \$895, \$900, \$905, \$910, \$915, \$920, \$925, \$930, \$935, \$940, \$945, \$950, \$955, \$960, \$965, \$970, \$975, \$980, \$985, \$990, \$995, \$1000, \$1005, \$1010, \$1015, \$1020, \$1025, \$1030, \$1035, \$1040, \$1045, \$1050, \$1055, \$1060, \$1065, \$1070, \$1075, \$1080, \$1085, \$1090, \$1095, \$1100, \$1105, \$1110, \$1115, \$1120, \$1125, \$1130, \$1135, \$1140, \$1145, \$1150, \$1155, \$1160, \$1165, \$1170, \$1175, \$1180, \$1185, \$1190, \$1195, \$1200, \$1205, \$1210, \$1215, \$1220, \$1225, \$1230, \$1235, \$1240, \$1245, \$1250, \$1255, \$1260, \$1265, \$1270, \$1275, \$1280, \$1285, \$1290, \$1295, \$1300, \$1305, \$1310, \$1315, \$1320, \$1325, \$1330, \$1335, \$1340, \$1345, \$1350, \$1355, \$1360, \$1365, \$1370, \$1375, \$1380, \$1385, \$1390, \$1395, \$1400, \$1405, \$1410, \$1415, \$1420, \$1425, \$1430, \$1435, \$1440, \$1445, \$1450, \$1455, \$1460, \$1465, \$1470, \$1475, \$1480, \$1485, \$1490, \$1495, \$1500, \$1505, \$1510, \$1515, \$1520, \$1525, \$1530, \$1535, \$1540, \$1545, \$1550, \$1555, \$1560, \$1565, \$1570, \$1575, \$1580, \$1585, \$1590, \$1595, \$1600, \$1605, \$1610, \$1615, \$1620, \$1625, \$1630, \$1635, \$1640, \$1645, \$1650, \$1655, \$1660, \$1665, \$1670, \$1675, \$1680, \$1685, \$1690, \$1695, \$1700, \$1705, \$1710, \$1715, \$1720, \$1725, \$1730, \$1735, \$1740, \$1745, \$1750, \$1755, \$1760, \$1765, \$1770, \$1775, \$1780, \$1785, \$1790, \$1795, \$1800, \$1805, \$1810, \$1815, \$1820, \$1825, \$1830, \$1835, \$1840, \$1845, \$1850, \$1855, \$1860, \$1865, \$1870, \$1875, \$1880, \$1885, \$1890, \$1895, \$1900, \$1905, \$1910, \$1915, \$1920, \$1925, \$1930, \$1935, \$1940, \$1945, \$1950, \$1955, \$1960, \$1965, \$1970, \$1975, \$1980, \$1985, \$1990, \$1995, \$2000, \$2005, \$2010, \$2015, \$2020, \$2025, \$2030, \$2035, \$2040, \$2045, \$2050, \$2055, \$2060, \$2065, \$2070, \$2075, \$2080, \$2085, \$2090, \$2095, \$2100, \$2105, \$2110, \$2115, \$2120, \$2125, \$2130, \$2135, \$2140, \$2145, \$2150, \$2155, \$2160, \$2165, \$2170, \$2175, \$2180, \$2185, \$2190, \$2195, \$2200, \$2205, \$2210, \$2215, \$2220, \$2225, \$2230, \$2235, \$2240, \$2245, \$2250, \$2255, \$2260, \$2265, \$2270, \$2275, \$2280, \$2285, \$2290, \$2295, \$2300, \$2305, \$2310, \$2315, \$2320, \$2325, \$2330, \$2335, \$2340, \$2345, \$2350, \$2355, \$2360, \$2365, \$2370, \$2375, \$2380, \$2385, \$2390, \$2395, \$2400, \$2405, \$2410, \$2415, \$2420, \$2425, \$2430, \$2435, \$2440, \$2445, \$2450, \$2455, \$2460, \$2465, \$2470, \$2475, \$2480, \$2485, \$2490, \$2495, \$2500, \$2505, \$2510, \$2515, \$2520, \$2525, \$2530, \$2535, \$2540, \$2545, \$2550, \$2555, \$2560, \$2565, \$2570, \$2575, \$2580, \$2585, \$2590, \$2595, \$2600, \$2605, \$2610, \$2615, \$2620, \$2625, \$2630, \$2635, \$264

TEA. TEA. TEA.

Remember our 3 lbs. Tea for a Dollar is still a leader. Try a sample 3 lb pkg.

Spring Prints and Dress Goods just arrived.

C. T. BAILEY & CO., OUPPELLE STATION.

Dr. C. T. A. Column.

The Drink Traffic.

The terrible thing about the drink traffic is that its consumption goes on increasing amongst us. Most people thought when the courts took the matter up and urged the duty of total abstinence, and in the example, the cause was done. Thank God, most of the intemperate are total abstainers and the great majority of church members. Still the evil goes on.

Then the medical men joined the clergy in condemning the use of alcohol. The great physicians have spoken, and that with no uncertain sound; they have told us that alcohol is not a food but a poison; that when taken continually, even in small doses, works mischief and mischief only. The statistics of the insurance companies tell us that total abstinence prolongs life, and certainly it promotes health and happiness everywhere, and yet the national sin goes on.

Listen to Sir William Gladstone: "I say from experience that alcohol is the most destructive agent in the world. I hardly know a more potent cause of disease than alcohol. A very large number of people are dying day after day poisoned by alcohol not supposed to be poisoned by it."

SKIN DISTRESS.

Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Barbers' Itch, Ringworm, and other skin diseases and eruptions cause it. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures it. One application always relieves. 35 cents. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are smallest, cheapest, best. 25 cents.

Sold by Parker & Henderson.

Appointments Gazetted.

Mr. Walter E. McDonald, of Dawson City, Yukon, is gazetted a notary public, and Mr. Frederick C. Wade is appointed clerk of the supreme court for the Yukon judicial district. Mr. G. H. V. Bulley, the member of the executive, now on the way to Dawson, has been made a commissioner for taking affidavits.

Mrs. Jane McWherter of Medicine Hat, has been appointed registrar of births, marriages and deaths.

The Yukon judicial district has been made by an order in the N.W. T. council, a registration district, for the purpose of the registration of mortgages and other transfers of personal property.

Letters patent have been issued incorporating the Lumsden Farmers' Elevator company, with a capital stock of \$4,800 divided into 320 shares.

WEAK AND WEARY WOMEN FIND A REAL FRIEND IN SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE.



MISS ANTOINETTE FICHU. "I have been a weak and weary woman for many years. I have tried many remedies, but nothing has done me any good. I have been told of South American Nerve, and I have tried it, and it has done me more good than anything else I have ever tried. I am now a strong and healthy woman, and I can do all the work I want to do. I am very grateful to the makers of South American Nerve for what it has done for me."—25.

Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Fought Catarrh for Fifty Years.

Eighty Years of Age When Victory Came—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder the One Remedy.

George Lewis, of Shamokin, Pa., says, "I was troubled with catarrh for fifty years. I am eighty years old. I used many catarrh remedies, but Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder was the one medicine that gave immediate relief and cured me of the disease." At Ottawa, D. M. Northrop, a prominent member of the civil service, used this medicine and tells of its benefits in the case of catarrh and cold in the head. It relieves in ten minutes.

Sold by Henderson & Parker.

BITS OF FASHION.

Some Minor Pointers That Go For Much as Dress Accessories.

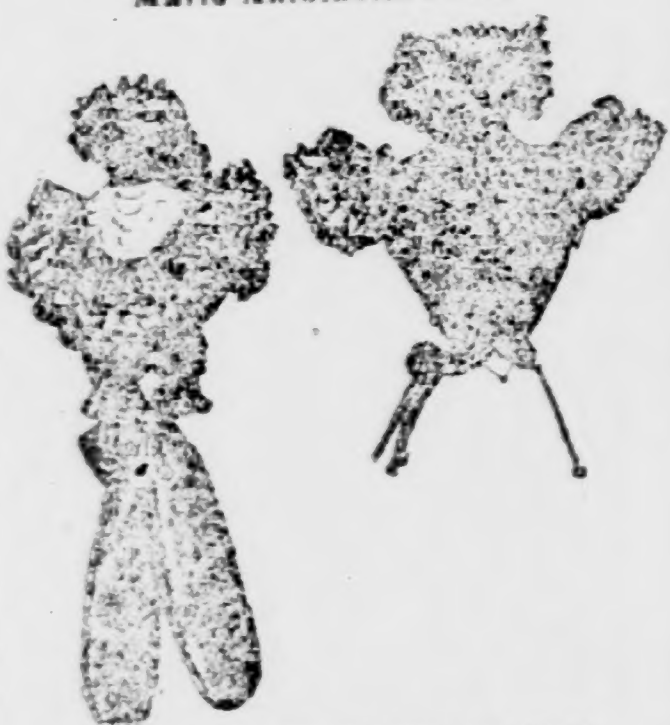
Sashes of chiffon and crepe de chine, in light, dainty colors, are a pretty feature of the summer gowns. Color is very carefully considered this season. Red, white and blue are the keynotes from which many pretty variations are made. The real royal red is a bright scarlet, but the particular shade appears most conspicuously in the velvet and tulle. Rose red, too, is very much worn by English women, as it symbolizes the national flower.

There has been a steady demand this season for fancy mobcaps and these the manufacturers have produced in a very attractive variety of patterns. Some of the designs have narrow stripes in open-work effects, and these are made up over silks whose contrasting colors show effectively through the fancy meshes.

Chiffon dresses, once worn exclusively for evening, have appeared among the day gowns, and pink, yellow, green, mauve and white chiffon is made up with gathered or accordion-pleated flounces to the waist. One pretty afternoon gown, of pale green, has a large lace applique trimming all around the skirt and up each side of the front opening. A second skirt of chiffon is a necessity for good effect over the inner skirt of silk. A yoke effect fifteen inches deep around the hips is one of the season's novelties which is effectively carried out in striped linen, bunched with pink and lined with pink silk. This yoke is made of alternating bands of lace insertion and tucked white mousseline de soie, below which the skirt hangs full and plain, gathered on with a little heading. The full bodice matching the yoke has a wide draped belt of pink silk and a cravat of the mousseline trimmed across the ends with lace.

Decidedly novel and pretty points of white silk etamine, made in revived Louis XVI. styles, have been worn by bridesmaids at recent June weddings. Some of the gowns were lined and trimmed with gold, golden-green silk, with satin ribbons to match. Plain rose-colored linings and ribbons finished other white etamine gowns, the maid of honor wearing a gown of white etamine lined with white tulle, with electric puffs of white satin and Louis Quinze sash to correspond.

Marie Antoinette Fichu.



MARIE ANTOINETTE FICHU.

White satin, black satin ribbon and narrow ruffles of black chiffon make this fichu a delightful accessory to the summer toilet. The white satin is shaped into a yoke square at the back and pointed to the waist in front. The delicate ruffles, black and white, are set on across the back and over the shoulders, forming capotes. From these come the wide flowy ends crossed on the bust and fastened at the back. The becoming black belt is a mingling of white and black satin and lace.

and the Evening.

The old saying about living in a hand-bag may come to be a reality before another decade, for now the compact trunks of a sleeping or sitting room may be packed in a box of four long, 2 1/2 feet wide and a little less than 2 feet in depth. A clever kind of hinge at the corner of this folding furniture, with a piece of furniture will give the owner the luxury of the absence of their own beds and bedding, but may carry such things with them as personal baggage.

One of these beds contains a washstand with oval back and shelves underneath, a dressing bureau with a swinging mirror, a cane-seated chair and one or two secret chairs, together with bed, bedding, drawers, a toilet set, and a wardrobe of comfortable size. This furniture is made of well-seasoned hard wood. Each part fits into its place and fastens without the aid of nails or screws. In the dressing bureau drawers, for example, the bottom is drawn out and the sides fall together. What a boon this furniture will be for the

gentle movers who are never satisfied with one place for any length of time, while the camper out may carry his home with him.



Customer—How is it you didn't tell me to look pleasant? Photographer—I sorter got out of that habit since I've been appointed photographer for the Rogers Gallery.

Took Off His Hat to Dummy in the Lift.

It was on the fourth floor of a department store. The elevator door opened and a schemer entered, each holding in affectionate grasp a beautiful or attired dummy—a shapely thing made of wire and attired in the sweetest gowns and the oddest faces of the establishment.

The schemer steeled their dummy companions. The elevator stopped at the third floor.

A young man, whose gaze was modestly directed toward the floor, stepped aboard and removed his hat. Even in a department store it is considered proper to remove the hat when riding in an elevator with women. So the young man removed his hat and continued to look downward, seeing only the skirts of his fair fellow passengers, for it is counted exceedingly rude for a man to stare at a woman in an elevator.

The salesmen began to sneeze. This embarrassed the young man, for he had no reason to believe that they were laughing at him. He hurried and shifted uneasily, but he did not look up.

Then one salesman laughed aloud. The young man lifted his head in order to reprove the vulgar person with a look, and then he said: "Well, I'll be—"

The woman had no head!

The salesman expected, and the young man put his hat back on his head.—Chicago Record.

Met Them by the Way.

Admiring Patron—I understand you are having trouble in meeting your creditors? Artist—Trouble in meeting them? Great Scott, man! I meet 'em every time! I turn a corner—meet 'em every where!—Up-to-Date.

ITCHING CREEPING CRAWLING STINGING

SKIN DISEASES RELIEVED BY ONE APPLICATION OF

Dr. Agnew's Ointment, 35 CENTS.

Mr. James Gaston, merchant, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., writes: "For nine years I have been disfigured with terrible itching and stinging. But at last I have found a cure in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It is now smooth and soft and free from every blemish. The first application gave relief."—20.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS

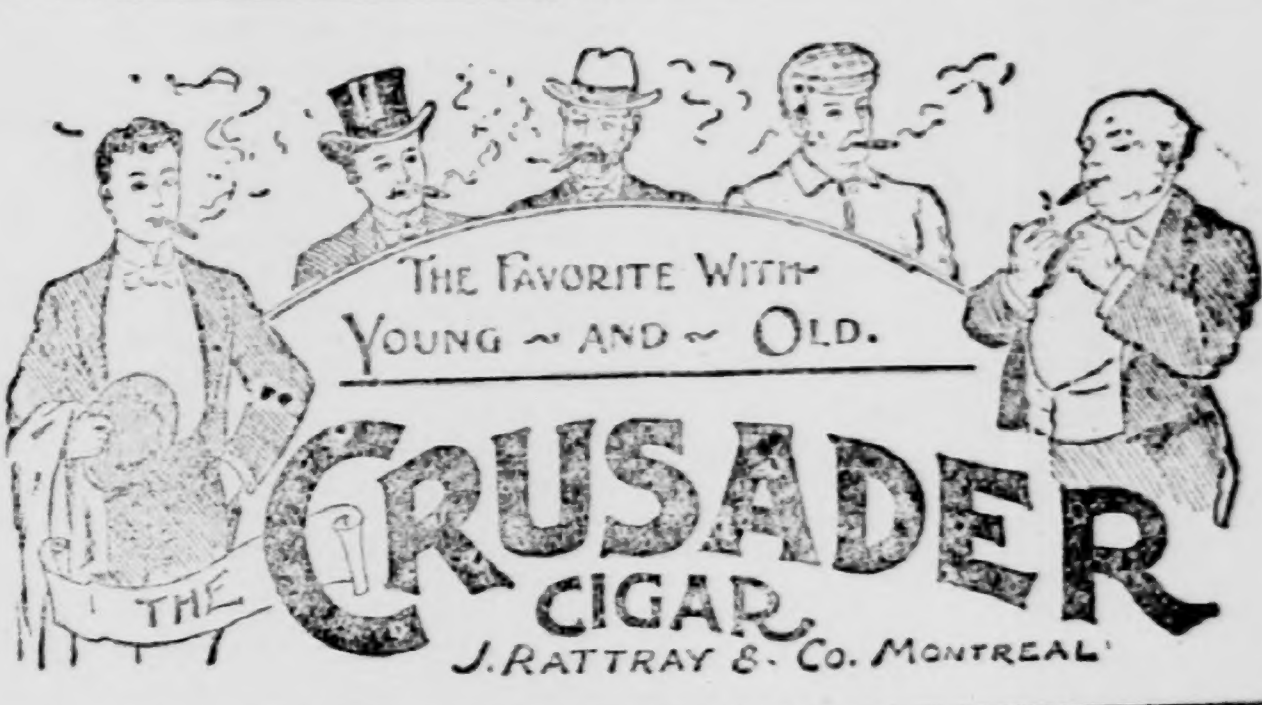
TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. Agents for the United States and foreign countries. Send for a sketch and description and we will give you a free opinion as to whether or not your invention is new and original. If so, we will prepare a patent for you. We have a large number of patents for sale. We also have a large number of patents for sale. We also have a large number of patents for sale.

Scientific American, Munn & Co., 625 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 125 West Washington, St. Louis.

J. B. ROBINSON, Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly attended to.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WAGHORN'S GUIDE



THE FAVORITE WITH YOUNG AND OLD.

CRUSADER CIGAR

J. RATTRAY & Co. MONTREAL

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABUL

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent Ten Tabules for Five Cents

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabul At the Druggist



Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent. 12 cartons will be mailed for 45 cents. The one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine.

Jas. McMillan & Co.

DEALERS IN HIDES, PELTS, FURS, WOOL, TALLOW, GINSENG AND SENECA.

PROPRIETORS OF THE MINNEAPOLIS SHEEPSKIN TANNERY AND TWIN CITY TALLOW WORKS.

EXPORTERS OF FINE NORTHERN FURS

Shipment Solicited. Careful Selection, Full Prices. Immediate Remittance. Courteous Treatment. Bone and Tags Furnished Free.

Write for Circular

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION: Security Bank of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.; First National Bank, Minneapolis, Minn.; Peoples Bank, Minneapolis, Minn.; Montana National Bank, Helena, Montana.

MAIN HOUSE, 200 TO 212 FIRST AVENUE NORTH, MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.

Ferry's SEEDS

Now paying crops because they're fresh and always the best. For sale everywhere. Refuse substitutes. Stick to Ferry's Seeds and prosper. 100 Seed Annual free. Write for it. D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

Ladies

female pills, safe, sure and reliable. 21 per box, sent on receipt of price.

MADAME DE FROST, Toronto.

Buy Welland Vale BICYCLES

H. S. H. GOODIER, Agent. Leland Hotel, Qu'Appelle Station.

JUVENILE HYPNOTISTS.

An Epidemic of Svengalism In Eau Claire Schools.

AUTHORITIES TRY TO STOP IT.

Strange Sensation Stirs the Wisconsin Town—How It Started—A Teacher Who Was No Trifler—Eau Claire Has a Record For Hypnotism.

Eau Claire, Wis., has upward of 2,500 schoolboys. One thousand of these are convinced that they are embryo Svengalis, while a thousand more believe that if they do not possess the skill necessary to prac-



BOY HYPNOTIST AT WORK.

Use the mystic art of hypnotism they at least have the latent power, and that it will be developed sooner or later by perseverance and opportunity. Every morning and evening before and after school hours of boys, big and little, assemble in the vacant lots around the city schoolhouses and try to put each other to sleep with passes of the hands, with glances from the eyes or with the aid of paraphernalia with bright surfaces like the magic rods of the professional fakirs of the stage. Every night a party of youngsters, the most of whom have not graduated from shirt waists and knickerbockers, give public exhibitions of their powers for the entertainment of whosoever cares to look on.

ASTONISHING stories are current about the success of some of the youthful hypnotists and are accepted in good faith, because the school authorities, through Superintendent Gross, took official cognizance of the practices the other day by issuing a peremptory order to the effect that hereafter any boy who is caught trying to hypnotize another boy will be suspended, with an excellent chance of being permanently expelled. The order has only served to make the boys more cautious. It has not diminished their enthusiasm for the art which Svengali employed to make Trilby the slave of his will and caprice.

Local newspapers have published sensational stories about the spread of the hypnotic habit, and an alleged professional hypnotist, Keppeler, who used to live in Eau Claire, has taken advantage of the existing craze to announce that he is going to put a man named Hugero in a trance and lock him in a glass case for 52 hours, and the whole town is awaiting the result of the experiment with breathless interest.

Two boys in particular have distinguished themselves by their success in hypnotism. They are Lum Skatvoldt and Byron Culver. An amusing incident is told of Skatvoldt.

The other day the teacher had a boy bring a cup of water from the basement to be used in diluting some ink that had thickened. They boy came into the room carrying the cup in his hand and was approaching the teacher's desk as if to deposit it there when he suddenly halted and looked steadily at young Skatvoldt. Then, in sight of the whole class, he deliberately raised the cup to his lips and drank the contents. In the eyes of the teacher it was a bit of insubordination that warranted immediate punishment, and going over to the boy she seized him by the collar and shook him vigorously. He appeared to be half asleep for a moment, and then awakened to a full sense of his position.

"Why did you drink that water?" said the teacher angrily.

"I did not drink any water," was the unexpected reply.

A giggling from the lower part of the room caused the teacher to turn her eyes in that direction, and she thought she saw Lum Skatvoldt and two other boys trying to hide their laughter behind geographies. She is a resolute little woman. Her name is Miss Dunphy. She had heard about the hypnotism business, and instantly suspecting that young Skatvoldt had had something to do with the other boy's conduct went over in the direction of Skatvoldt's desk to see about the matter. She detected Skatvoldt's queer eyes at her from behind his book.

"See here," exclaimed Miss Dunphy to the hypnotist. "If you try any of that hypnotism on me, I'll hypnotize you in a way you will not forget, and you will not be in a trance while I do it either."

But the boy, as if confident of his own power, did not remove his eyes from the teacher's. Miss Dunphy became exasperated and swooped down on Skatvoldt. She took him by the coat collar and unceremoniously jerked him out of his seat into the aisle.

What happened after that is tersely told by a boy who was an eyewitness of the hypnotist's discomfiture.

"Miss Dunphy didn't do a thing to Lum. She wasn't no Trilby."

Hypnotism was no match for the anger and resentment of a teacher. Lum has since decided that Miss Dunphy is not a good subject.

Both lads got their first hypnotic inspiration when Santinelli was in Eau Claire a few weeks ago. Santinelli is a man with the face of a tragedian, and he took the town by storm. The city, it ought to be remembered, is partial to that sort of performance, and has a record in hypnotism that is not so brief that it is apt to be forgotten. It was the home of the magician Bancroft, who died a few months ago, and whose feats have excited the admiration and envy of every boy in town.

Three years ago a sensational action

when had hypnotism as its tactic attracted the attention of the country to Eau Claire. Dr. George Pickin and his son Asigal were arrested upon complaint of a young woman named Mabel Briggs, who accused them of having exercised a hypnotic influence over her. She explained that one night while she was riding past the Pickin residence on a bicycle she saw Asigal Pickin sitting on the front steps. He looked at her, and, though she rode past, she was impelled by some mysterious power to return. The Pickins were arraigned before Judge Bailey. A hypnotist named Flint was brought to Eau Claire to testify as an

expert against father and son, but Judge Bailey declined to hear him, and at the time said some vigorous things about the humbug of hypnotism. Evidently the judge has since changed his mind on the subject, for he has taken the trouble to investigate the stories about Lum and Byron and has told Superintendent Gross that he is satisfied that both boys possess a remarkable power. The judge has seen them at work on subjects.

Both boys attended the performances of Santinelli and those of another hypnotist who called himself Tindell, and they appear to have procured some literature which none men had to sell. Whatever the books contained, the fact remains that very soon after Santinelli left the city they began to practice hypnotism. Lum uses what is known as the fascination method—that is, he depends exclusively upon his eyes for the power he gains over his victims. Byron uses paraphernalia consisting of some bright object, which he holds in such a position that it serves to blind and bewilder the subject. Neither of the boys has attempted to hypnotize any of his girl school companions, but has confined his operations exclusively to boys.

Professor Gross, superintendent of schools, says that the practice has got to stop.

SHE CHANGED HER MIND.

It Cost \$1,789 to Give the Ungallant Mr. Melcher the Mitten.

It is so seldom that a man sues a woman for breach of promise that much attention has been attracted by the recent case of Arthur S. Melcher of Auburn Me., against Mrs. Louise M. Hadley, nee Dingley, a niece of Nelson Dingley of tariff fame.

The most remarkable thing about the case is the fact that the jury sympathized with Mr. Melcher to such an extent that they gave him a verdict of \$1,789 damages. Whether this subtle tribute to Mrs. Hadley's charms is worth all it costs her she alone can say.

Most readers will be interested to know what sort of a man he is who would sue a woman for changing her mind and thus set an example that would turn society topsy turvy if it were generally followed. It must be confessed that Mr. Melcher is a very decent looking chap. He is 50 years old, well preserved and a widower. He had just lost his wife when the courtship began, and he says Miss Dingley commenced it by writing him letters of sympathy. These letters were read at the trial, and made a hit with the audience. They were pretty warm.

But though Mr. Melcher swears that Miss Dingley did the proposing, it is certain that she did not make all the love.



ARTHUR S. MELCHER.

Some of Mr. Melcher's letters to her should have been written on asbestos. When they were read in court, the delighted auditors were gratified by such expressions as these: "I miss my baby, who is so far away," "How is my baby getting on?" "I miss you so quick after you leave me, my pet," and "No, sweetheart, I do not think it. I am homesick for my baby to love." One letter affectionately affirmed: "I would love to see my babe tonight, for I would hug and kiss her. How is my sweetheart? God bless her."

Miss Dingley changed her mind very suddenly when she married Mr. Hadley, and Mr. Melcher did not like it a little bit; hence the suit.

IT WAS A CYCLONE.

And a Change Came Over the Irate Pedestrian at Once.

Ting-a-ling, ting-a-ling! "Hi, there! Get out of the way!"

But the warning came too late. The bicycle struck the pedestrian, a crusty looking old gentleman, full amidships, and he was thrown to the ground, with the wheel and its rider on top of him. The old man was furious. When they had extricated themselves from the tangle, he proceeded to give vent to his feelings.

"You chuckle headed idiot!" he exclaimed. "Can't you see where you are going? What do you mean by trying to assassinate a peaceable citizen on the public highway? You infernal chump! You ought not to be allowed to ride a wheel. You haven't got sense enough. By George, I've a great mind to smash your bicycle before you kill somebody with it!" And before the rider could prevent him he grabbed the wheel and prepared to carry out his intention.

But suddenly his expression changed. "What!" he cried. "The Cyclone! Why, it's the same make that I ride myself. Young man, I beg your pardon. I have no doubt that the accident was quite unavoidable. I am very glad that I have met you, and I sincerely hope that I have not been the cause of any injury to yourself or to that beautiful wheel of yours. Good morning, sir!"

MINERS AS JOHNNIES.

Pour Their Wealth at the Feet of the Soubrettes.

THE GIRL WHO DANCED AT DAWSON.

Tells of Her Conquests Among the Princes of the Klondike—Lived on Beans and Bacon, But Sometimes Had Moose or Goose—Champagne in Plenty.

"They made a wild kick," said Miss La More, "but they couldn't keep me. I was tired of beans."

Miss La More does not look like a person who would love beans for little or for long. She is distinctly suggestive of large bottles and small birds.

But, then, she does not look like a person who would get herself cheerfully into bloomers and gum boots and a sweater and a mackinaw shirt—whatever that is—and tramp the Chilkat pass to sing and dance in a tent theater at Dawson City for six weeks of her fair young life.

"I was singing at the opera house in Juneau," pursued Miss La More, "when they got up the company to go in to Dawson. There were 17 of us, with the manager—eight girls, seven fellows and a comedian. I thought it would be fun, you know, and a sort of change. I'm awfully fond of change."

She smiled on me like a candy angel when she said this, and flashed a brace of big diamonds around on her finger significantly, says Alice Rix in the San Francisco Examiner.

"Get your diary, Gussie," said her sister. "They were crazy about her inside."

"Inside where?"

"Why, Dawson. They wanted to marry her."

"All of them?"

"Well, of course," said sister, "some of them were married already. You got her to tell you about Swiftwater Bill and the prince. What was the prince's name, Gussie?"

"Antone," said Gussie. "He was Violet's. I didn't care for him," she explained, producing the diary. It was a costly little affair in morocco and silver, and she read exactly two lines out of it while I observed the elaborate loveliness of the covers.

"Left Dyea at 9 in the morning. Walked ten miles to Sheep Camp. That's where we slept," she said, dropping the diary. "I mean we tried to sleep—the whole gang in one room bunked on the floor with a piece of canvas strung up to



MISS LA MORE.

keep out the sleet; but that was nothing. After that we'd have been glad of a floor. We had just a tarpaulin stretched on the snow when we slept at the foot of the esplanade and a canvas over us and the rain pelted down and the wind blowing all right like a trombone. Of course we slept in our clothes, but we got soaked just the same. The wind's the worst of it, you know. It burns you crisp, and then you peel. Some of the girls blacked up the way the quaws do. They rub on a make up of soot and some kind of grease, and they say it keeps you from burning, but it doesn't. The girls that did it peeled just the same."

"Did you peel?" I inquired, looking at her peachy cheeks and her little straight, white nose.

"Mercy, yes," replied Miss La More, "three or four times! I thought I'd get down to bones after awhile. We had to camp three weeks on the lake while our boats were being built, for we took in a lot of stuff with us, and that's where we got the worst of it. Of course we didn't have any chance to fix up, and we were sights when we got to Dawson. The whole town turned out to gey the girls. Our clothes were half rags and our boots gone, and we had on those big cowboy hats, and with our hair straight back—oh, good! We didn't care, though. We gave them the laugh back that night."

"You were a great hit, though, weren't you, Gussie?" said sister.

"Well," said Gussie modestly, "they liked me. I do con songs and banjo, and I took up the latest ones, and of course the boys hadn't heard them, and they went wild. The tent was packed every night and the boys were scrambling all over town to get twenties to throw on the stage, and we got all their nuggets the first night. Their wives," added Miss La More pensively, "were wild."

"You were the belle, weren't you, Gussie?" said sister, winding her up again.

"Well," said Miss La More again, "that's what they said."

"She had a house built for her," began sister, "and furnished, and it cost—how much did it cost, Gussie?"

"About ten thou," said Gussie. "It wasn't much of a house. You can't get much of a house for that in Dawson."

"It was the best in the town, though, wasn't it, Gussie?"

"Yes, it was. Oh, it was a pretty good

and pillow cases at \$10 apiece. We were dined out every night. A beans and bacon dinner costs \$1.50 up there, and when anything extra comes in you pay from \$10 to \$15 for a dinner. And extra never means anything but moose or goose."

"It wouldn't have made much difference to you, Gussie, what it cost," said sister.

"Did you make much money?" I asked.

"I got \$100 a week—we all did—and \$4 commission on every pint bottle we sold, and then the money that was thrown on the stage made about \$50 more apiece for us—about \$175 to \$200 a week—and, of course, the nuggets. They slung nuggets at us by the handful. I've given most of mine away, but I've got a few left."

"Oh, Gussie," said sister, "get them!"

And Gussie got them. She brought them in a little leather bag and scattered them out over the table and turned them idly with her white, dimpled, bediamonded, pink nailed fingers. There were 52 of them, solid chunks of the rich, rough, yellow metal that men are struggling and starving for in the Alaskan snowfields.

"They're treasuries, you see," said Miss La More, fingering the nuggets. "I'm going in again in the spring."

"They'll never let you out again," said sister. "Tell about Swiftwater Bill, Gussie."

Gussie laughed. "What shall I tell?" she asked. "Just that he wanted to marry



THE TWINS WHO ARE GOING IN IN THE SPRING.

me? They all want wives in there, but they all want good looking ones. They're pretty particular, considering that they haven't got much choice. All the girls could have married, and I guess they'll have to if they stay in there all winter. It's all well enough for the comedian to stay—he writes his own songs—but the girls can't do that. They can't learn any new turns or get any new clothes in there," Miss La More shook her head compassionately. "There'll be nothing else for them to do. They'll have to marry."

"Is Mr. Swiftwater Bill agreeable?" I inquired at this point.

Miss La More considered the question. "He's as stupid as an owl," she replied finally, "and as rich as anything. He used to shoot the White Horse rapids—that's where he got his name—and he got a lay from a fellow up in the El Dorado, and it ought to be worth a million. He'll know," she continued thoughtfully, "by spring."

"And then?"

"Oh, I don't know—maybe!" said Miss La More, laughing.

"A million's a good deal of money," observed sister sagely.

"I know," replied the girl who can have it by spring, "but independence is a good deal too. If I could take the million off to one end of the world and have the man at the other!"

"Couldn't you?" I asked innocently.

"No," said Miss La More. "Swiftwater Bill isn't so stupid as all that. It would mean Dawson—he gave a little shiver—and beans."

"And champagne," added sister. "You always had champagne."

"Whenever it came in," said Miss La More, "the boys always bought it up for us. It sells in there for \$17 a pint, \$30 for a quart."

"Did you always play to big houses?"

"Packed every time," said Miss La More. "And a nice crowd too. We taught the boys all the choruses, and they sang with us, and it sounded fine. We gave three performances a week, that was all, and then there were dances on the off nights. We didn't have to go unless we wanted to. They had regular dance hall girls, and the boys came down from the gulch and danced all night and way until 9 and 10 o'clock into the next day, until the sun was shining down on the canvas and the girls were dropping on the floor. But the boys paid them good money for their work—especially the good looking ones. It pays," added Miss La More, looking down at her pretty hands, "to be good looking. I'm going to take the kids in next spring."

"The kids?" I asked.

"The twins," replied Miss La More. "Haven't you heard of the La More twins, Nell and Betty? They're in the business too. They're my sisters. I'll learn a turn with the kids—something new. I'm going east next week to pick up some new business and a new wardrobe, and we'll go in early before the lakes break up and sled in. We'll get there ahead of everything and take the town."

"And Swiftwater Bill," suggested sister, who seemed to incline to the safe side of things. But Miss La More laughed.

"If I had my choice of making a fortune, I'd rather be a weaver than an actress or a rich man's wife or anything else I know of. You just stand by the blower and weigh the dust when the boys hand over their sacks, and if you're pretty and they like you they're willing to let you spill a little every time just for luck. All you have to do is to spill all day and to pan your carpet at night. That's the way to get rich in Dawson."

His Baptism.

"Teddy," said the minister, while mamma was out superintending the preparation of dinner, "have you ever been baptized?"

Teddy was not quite sure whether he had or not, and after indulging in deep thought for a moment, replied:

"Do you get baptized on the arm so you won't catch things?"—Cleveland Leader.

Reparation.

"So Mr. Goldman, the manufacturer of the Buick Make bicycle is dead. What has he done to atone for all the people who have broken their necks while riding his make of wheel?"

"Oh, he fixed that up all right by founding a hospital for bicyclists."—New York Journal.

THE OLD FAMILY ALBUM.

Loose as to back and somewhat lined and scarred.

From contact with a world of coarser things.

Its once fair pages very sadly marred.

By years of ceaseless, careless fingerings.

It lies upon the shelf in solemn state.

Until some prying guest looks round and sees it there.

Then some one's called on to relate its thrilling tale in words akin to these:

"That is Uncle Theodore, who died ten years ago.

And that's an old school friend of Maud's—a Winter's girl, you know."

And that's my Cousin Geraldine, and that's the man she wed.

And that is Grandma Perkins, who, I understand, is dead.

And there's the Miggles baby boy, and that's a friend of Will's.

Who owns a mine somewhere out in the Rocky Dakota hills."

Inconsequential, hair oiled youths, and girls, sparkling in consciousness of fancied charms.

And quaint old ladies wearing cork shoe caps.

And little maids with bare and scrawny arms.

And awkward bridegrooms with defiant eyes.

And brides that stanchly stand by "Frank" and "John."

Look from that look in thunderstruck surprise.

The while the story rattles on and on:

"Look at Grandma Johnson. He was ninety when he died.

There's the little stepson of my mother's—once in Lide.

This is Barney Bailey, who was drowned in Lundy's lake.

That's my Sister Rosalind, and that's my Uncle Jake.

There is Dr. Rutherford, and that one's Miss Duval.

You never knew a one of them, but then I knew them all."

I swear no one is ever put to proof.

By any plan of trial, any test.

To equal that when for his own behoof.

The family album's offered to a guest—

The family album, showing people whom

He never saw and never wants to see,

While in a voice as merry as the tempest

Rolls on and on and on the pedigree:

"This is Uncle Hiram's stepson's Cousin Elmer Jane.

This is Martha Jones, who subsequently went insane.

That one's little Mary, Abner Martin's second child.

There is Newton Taylor. Doesn't he look awful wild?

This is Brother Bowles, who held revival in the year

Eighteen-eighty-two, and that's—well, that's myself, my dear."

Perhaps I ought to be ashamed to speak.

Unkindly of the old book, but you know

I've sat so often, suffering and weep,

And gazed upon those folk of long ago,

Who had no earthly interest for me.

But whom politeness bade me much admire.

That even in my dreams I've come to see

The faces, and in sleep I oft inquire:

"Is that Mr. Johnson, and is that your Nephew Pete?"

Is that little Sissy Ann—that child that looks so sweet?

Tell me is that Uncle Reub, who needs a shave so much?

Isn't that the Hutchins boy, the one the boys called Hutch?

Who is that young woman who is bubbling over with mirth?

Surely that's yourself, my dear, ten years before your birth."

—Chicago Record.

Thought She Was "Guying."

It was one of those white mail cars that stopped near the crossing of Fillmore and Sacramento streets. A woman, evidently a stranger in this city, had raised her finger to signal to stop and thought that the car stopped in obedience to her signal.

She was about to step aboard when the gripman politely informed her that it was a "mail car," and motioned her to descend.

"But when does the female car come along?" she queried innocently.

The car moved on without a reply.

"How rude!" she murmured softly.

—San Francisco Chronicle.

Not In It.

Mamma—Well, Henry, Laura told me this morning that Mr. Logginballs intended to call on you today for the purpose of asking you for her hand. Did you see him?

Papa—Yes, he called.

Mamma—And what did you say?

Papa—What could I say? Isn't he one of the greatest center rushes in the country?

You didn't expect me to commit suicide, did you?—Cleveland Leader.

Unquestionably.

Mr. Parkslope—Shakespeare says that "A soft voice, gentle and low," is an excellent thing in a woman.

Mr. Heights—It is, but it is more excellent in a baby.—New York Journal.

True Brotherly Love.

Raggs—I was passing the insane asylum today and stepped in to see your brother.

Jaggs—Did he ask about me?

Raggs—Yes. He's crazy to see you.—Chicago News.

Otherwise Engaged.

Two deaf mutes, they sat and courted.

Just as lovers in all lands.

Only that, with love transported,

Neither held the other's hands.

SHATTERED NERVES.

THE MOST PREVALENT TROUBLE OF THE CENTURY.

It Attacks People of Both Sexes and all Ages—A Complete Breakdown Follows Unless Prompt Measures for Relief are Taken.

From the Newmarket Era.

Probably the most prevalent trouble on this continent to-day is nervous prostration. How frequently we hear this term and yet how few appear to realize its full and deadly import. Nervous prostration is to be found among people in all walks in life, and among children as well as adults. Among young people it is often the result of our high pressure system of education. Among those of more mature years it may be due to the cares of business, or to overwork, or worries in the home. Whatever the cause the inevitable result is a breaking down both mentally and physically unless prompt measures are taken to stay the ravages of the disease and restore the shattered nerve forces to their normal condition. One such sufferer who has regained health gives her experience for the benefit of those less fortunate. Miss Eliza Draper who resides with her parents at Belhaven, is a young lady who is very popular among her circle of acquaintances, and they all rejoice at her restoration to health. To a reporter who called upon her she gave the following particulars concerning her illness and cure. "You know," said the young lady, "how ill I was last winter when my friends feared that I was going into a decline. In the early part of the winter both father and mother were attacked with la grippe, and I had to look after them as well as to attend to the household work. The strain was more than I could stand, and the result was I fell ill. The doctor who was called in said my trouble was nervous prostration and that it would take considerable time for me to recover. Under his care I was after a short while able to leave my room and go about the house, but my nerves did not seem to regain their strength. My limbs would twitch as though I had St. Vitus' dance, I was subject to headaches, had a very poor appetite and was so weak that I could scarcely go about. I had been advised to try Pink Pills and one day spoke to the doctor about them, and he said he believed they would do me good. I got three boxes and by the time I had used them I felt they were helping me and I got a better supply. By the time I had taken six boxes I was feeling stronger and better than I had for years. All the twitching in my limbs had disappeared and my nerves seemed as strong as ever they had been. I still took the pills for a little while longer to make certain that the cure was complete, and since the day I discontinued them I have not had the slightest return of the trouble. I feel that my present excellent health is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am glad to be able to recommend them to any one whose nerves are in a shattered condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic medicine. By their use the blood is renewed, and the nerves made strong and vigorous, and in this way disease is driven from the system. As a spring medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unsurpassed. If feeling languid or "out-of-sorts" a box or two will restore you to vigorous activity. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and take nothing else.

Crow's Nest Pass Coal.

The Crow's Nest Pass Coal company has placed orders for coal mining machinery to the value of \$100,000, with Montreal and Toronto manufacturers. They will erect fifty bee-hive coking ovens to supply the Kootenay smelters with that article. Wm. Blackmore, the manager of the company, has visited the leading coal-mining centres of Canada and the United States, and will use only the most improved electric coal cutting machinery in the company's mines. According to Dr. Selwyn, former director of the geological survey of Canada, these coal fields contain 49,362 tons per square mile, and with the deposits explored up to the present there are about 150 square miles. The immensity of the deposits can hardly be realized. One seam of coal, from 20 to 30 feet thick is 1,500 feet up the mountain across the face of an open sandstone cliff. The Dominion government has reserved 50,000 and 200,000 acres of the coal area are controlled by an association of Canadian capitalists and the Canadian Pacific railway. When the output is placed on the market it must materially affect the price of the article, both east and west.

The Winnipeg Buffalo.

Mr. Douglass, superintendent of Banff National park, has written to Mr. McCreary, immigration commissioner, to the effect that the three buffalo now at the park, and which were shipped out from Texas last year, are thriving splendidly. An enclosure of 400 acres has been made for the reception of the Silver Heights animals. Three quarters of this area is as level as the prairie, the balance is mountain. It stretches for half a mile along the railway track, so that travellers may have an excellent view of these unique animals. Three small creeks run through the buffalo grounds, and there is good pasture there. Mr. McCreary will ship the buffalo to the park as soon as they have dropped their calves. It is possible that two of the Silver Heights animals may remain in Winnipeg as a gift to the city.

Long Fast of a Steer.

On October 20 last James Hecce, of Frederick, Md., missed a young steer. Nothing was heard of it and it was given up for lost until last Friday one of the colored men noticed several hens frequently going to a hole in the straw stack in the barn yard. Thinking they had a nest, he crawled in about ten feet in search of the eggs. He came out very quickly, declaring that the stack was haunted, as something had kicked him. Another

man was sent in and came out exclaiming that something was alive in there, as he felt a hard leg, and it had also kicked his hand. An investigation was made and a large hole was cut in the stack. The missing steer was actually found under the straw, where it had been imprisoned ninety-nine days without food or water, excepting the straw which it had subsisted on, as it had made a hole about ten feet square in the stack. The hands on the place now recall the fact that on the second day's thrashing they observed the steer standing against the stack which had been made the first day and saw the straw falling over the animal, but thought it had moved away. When rescued it was very weak and emaciated, but is doing very well now, being fed on boiled bran.

RESTORED TO HER PARENTS.

A Little Girl Stolen by Indians Is Found by a Missionary.

The last act in the romantic history of Lillian Turton is about to be performed. Within a week this little semi-civilized girl, after five years of life among savage Indians, will be restored to her overjoyed parents. During this time the child has grown up, but she still retains the family resemblance so strongly marked that her mother and father had no difficulty in recognizing a recent photograph, and not only her mother and father, but the neighbors are perfectly convinced that the lost Lillian has been found. During five long years the little girl has lived the semi-barbarous life of one of the least civilized of the tribes of the Dakota Indians. She has no recollections of any but her adopted Indian mother, and speaks no other language than the Sioux. The details of the finding of the child, bearing every evidence of being of white parentage, among a wild band of Sioux, by Rev. Mr. Sproule, have been given in the Free Press. How a letter of Mr. J. W. Harris, of Winnipeg, found its way into the Free Press columns and was seen by Chief of Police McRae. Years before the chief had assisted Mrs. John Turton, of Rosemont, Moose Mountain, N. W. T., in search for a stolen child. He wrote her enclosing the clipping from the Free Press. The description tallied in everything but age, and Mrs. Turton communicated with Mr. Sproule, and received a photograph of the girl. This has been identified both by the parents and by the neighbors, and the chief received word on Saturday that the girl would be sent to her parents, probably reaching the city next week. From Winnipeg she will travel west to Moosomin where the parents will welcome her, and the final stage of her home coming, a sleigh ride of thirty or forty miles, will be commenced. When the girl was lost and a search of the neighborhood failed to reveal any trace of her the neighbors became convinced that she had been eaten by wolves. A band of Indians had been in the vicinity and the mother alone maintained that she must have been carried off. Every means that lay within the reach of the family who were farmers on the frontier and not possessed of over much wealth. There was no result and the child was finally given up as lost even by the sorrowing mother. The Turtons are English and have been residents of Moose Mountain for a number of years.—Winnipeg Free Press.

UTTERLY IMPRACTICABLE.

The Dyea and Skagway Routes to the Klondike not Satisfactory.

The United States are beginning to realize that their routes to the Klondike are not as satisfactory as they have led the public to infer. The difficulties of the routes from Dyea and Skagway are, now the miners have begun to flock in, found altogether impracticable for dispatch and they now find that not more than 30,000 people will be able to get across the passes during the coming spring and summer. The miners themselves, who are now at these towns waiting to get over have ascertained the true state of matters and have become so exasperated that they have taken the law into their own hands and the authorities have therefore had to ask the government for troops so that order can be kept, and if necessary they will proclaim martial law.

The United States government evidently knew what the upshot would be, for they early turned their attention to an alternative route via the Copper river, considerably farther north. Official advice has just been received by them that this route is even more impracticable than that via the Chilcoot or White Pass. A short distance from the sea the Copper river divides into three or four channels, all of which are beset by flats and sand bars and water extremely shallow and swift. Farther up the main river are numerous glaciers which project and are continually breaking off into the river, causing whirlpools and eddies. After the glacial belt the river passes through a succession of deep canyons, resulting in impassable rapids preventing it from being navigable for craft of the lightest draft, even Indian canoes in the most experienced hands not being safe. Valdez Bay, to the north of Copper river, has also glaciers at the head of navigation, which make this road impassable except on foot and even the crossing is only made at great hazard. Animals cannot cross at any point. Inquiries are now all to the Stikine river route.

Dominion Telegraph Extension.

It is quite probable that the Dominion government will, during the present session, ask for a vote to extend their telegraph system from Queneville to Dawson City, via Telegraph Creek. It is understood that estimates have been prepared showing the cost of the proposed line. There may also be a proposition from the Canadian Pacific to either build or lease the line. The Queneville is 225 miles and the government already owns a telegraph line between these two points. Then from Queneville to Telegraph Creek, a further distance of 540 miles, which, it is said, can be wired in one season. It is said the government has been assured the line is sufficient to meet the present requirements of the country and it can be built for half a million of dollars.

ZOLA ON TRIAL.

The Great Novelist Being Prosecuted by the French Government.

The trial of M. Emile Zola, who is being prosecuted by the French government as the result of a letter which he wrote last December to L'Aurore, strongly reflecting upon high officials connected with the Dreyfus case, opened to-day in the assize court of the Seine. The keenest public interest is manifested in the case. Hundreds of people have surrounded the court, anxious to gain admittance. Police measures have been taken to insure the most rigorous order.

The crowds increased in numbers all morning. The arrival of M. Henri Rochefort was the signal of shouts of "Vive Rochefort," and counter cries of "A bas Rochefort," turning in the direction of the hostile cries, M. Rochefort shouted: "It would seem that with four of you at five francs apiece, the Dreyfus syndicate would not be ruined." M. Zola, who arrived in a carriage shortly afterwards, was greeted with vehement shouts of "Qu'on s'occupe de Zola." (Spit upon Zola.)

An individual who shouted "Vive Zola" was promptly hustled and suppressed. The proceedings began at 1 p. m. under the presidency of M. Deleorgue, who announced that the court would be cleared if there was any demonstration. Although the court was thronged, quiet was maintained, owing to the knowledge that a company of Republican guards had been placed at the disposal of the judge, to preserve order. While the jury was being selected M. Zola entered the dock. He was pale, and a few cries of "Vive Zola," were promptly suppressed by the vigorous protests of the majority of the audience. After reading the indictment, the Advocate General explained that the charge was strictly limited to a passage in M. Zola's letter denouncing the Esterhazy court martial.

David Christie Murray, novelist and playwright, had a column interview with Emile Zola, which is published in the London Daily News. Zola, it appears, was anything but hopeful of the outcome of his trial, and said: "We know everything concerning the Dreyfus case, but it is impossible to describe the pressure to impose silence upon men who are able and ready to reveal the truth. Our documentary evidence has not even been looked at, and our witnesses have refused to testify or have been ordered to be silent. There is no room for doubt. There is no question or possibility of a question. The facts are clear and absolutely beyond denial; but the authorities refuse to allow us to produce our evidence, and then hold up the feebleness of our cause to the derision of the public."

Bill—He's got a good square head on his shoulders. Jill—Sort of a hollow square, isn't it?

The Grim Reaper

WAS WAITING TO RECEIVE A BURDENED VICTIM OF KIDNEY DISEASE.

Paines' Celery Compound Saves a Life After Fifteen Years of Terrible Agony.

ONE OF THE GREATEST VICTORIES OVER DISEASE EVER RECORDED.

MR. KEVILL SAYS:

"YOUR COMPOUND BANISHED ALL MY ACHES AND PAINS."

No Case too Complicated for the Great Medicine.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.,

DEAR SIR:—For the past fifteen years I have been troubled with diseased kidneys. I am engaged in the manufacture of cheese, and am obliged to work more or less in a stooping posture. At times I found it almost impossible to work owing to severe pains across my kidneys. Often, after working in a stooping position for a time, I would find it very difficult to straighten up at once, and could only do so after repeated efforts.

Of late years, while laboring under these severe attacks I became very nervous, and continually had tired, worn-out feelings. My rest at night seemed to do me no good, and I always felt tired out in the morning.

I had been taking various medicines and was getting worse all the time. At last I determined to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial. I procured a bottle and took it according to directions, and found its effect wonderful. Before I used the first bottle I began to improve; after I had used the second bottle I felt as well as ever I did in my life. It had banished all aches and pains, my nervousness was all gone, and the tired and worn-out feelings were banished. I can go to bed now and sleep well, and rise in the morning rested and refreshed.

I have recommended Paine's Celery Compound to my friends who were suffering from the same troubles as I had, and all have been greatly benefited. Knowing what it has done, I can cheerfully recommend it to any person suffering from kidney disease.

Yours truly,
C. F. KEVILL, Dunsford, Ont.

THE MAN WHO LIVED.

He should have been dead.

But he wasn't, because—

"There's nothing succeeds like success." There is no outstanding living argument of the man who should be dead, who isn't dead, but who would be dead, but for a preserving medicine. That's about the way it seemed to strike Editor Lawrence, of the Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio. He was afflicted with one of those colds that have, thousands of times over, culminated in consumption, when not promptly cured. In this condition he met a friend, a consumptive, whom he had not expected to see. The consumptive friend recommended Dr. J. C. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for the editor's cold, on the ground that it had "helped him wonderfully." It helped the editor just as wonderfully, giving "almost instant relief." But read his letter:

"About two months ago, I was afflicted with a bad cold, and, meeting a friend, he advised the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which, he claimed, had helped him wonderfully. As he was a consumptive, whom I had not expected to see alive for several years, I concluded there must be merit in this preparation. I accordingly bought a couple of bottles, one of which I kept on my desk all the time. This is certainly the best remedy for a cold I ever used. It gives almost instant relief, and the J. C. Ayer Co. are to be congratulated on possessing the formula for such a very valuable remedy."—W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor, The Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio.

To preserve health prepare for sickness. Keep a bottle of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral handy, on the desk, in the office, on the shelf or in the closet at home, and you will have at hand a remedy that is capable at any time of saving you suffering, money, and even life. There is no malady so prolific of evil results as a neglected cold. There is no medicine so promptly effective in curing a cold and absolutely eradicating its effects, as Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Every traveler should carry it. Every household should keep it. It cures every variety of cough, and all forms of lung and throat trouble. Asthma, bronchitis, croup, and whooping cough, are promptly cured by it, and it has in many cases overcome pulmonary diseases in aggravated forms, when all other remedies failed to help and physicians gave no hope of cure. Anyone who is sick is invited to write to the Doctor who is at the head of the staff of our newly organized Free Medical Advice department. The best medical advice, on all diseases, without reference to their curability by Dr. Ayer's medicines. Address, J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

The Brahmin Lawyer who Murdered Commissioner Rand of India.

Damadar Chapekar, the Brahmin lawyer, who was arrested in Bombay, India, in October last, on a charge of being connected with the murder of Lieut. Ayerst and Commissioner Rand, on June 22, by shooting them from ambush as they were leaving the reception given by the governor at Ganeskind in honor of Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee, has been sentenced to death. Damadar Chapekar, the Brahmin and Indian advocate is no ordinary criminal. When arrested on October 4th last he confessed having murdered Plague Commissioner Rand, with the aid of an accomplice, and admitted also that he was the instigator of the tarring of the Queen's statue at Bombay. He is about 28 years of age and well educated. About two years ago he established a club or reading room at Poonah, and after a while he proposed that the members should as far as possible collect all the arms they could. Thereupon one member of the club stole five swords, two guns and a couple of pistols, which he took to the club house. The member's example was followed by others and when a certain quantity of arms had been collected, Chapekar began teaching the members how to use them. When questioned as to his motive in collecting the arms, Chapekar said (at the time) they would prove useful in the event of further disturbances with the Mohammedans, or against the Melanchas. But being twitted about his valor, he grew angry, and in the dispute which followed the club was broken up and all the arms collected were taken to his house while he was absent at Bombay. On his return Chapekar burned the arms and shortly afterwards applied to the British military authorities at Simla to be enlisted. In reply he was told that his application could not be granted, as it was impossible to enlist a man of his peculiar cast, the companies being of one cast. He then offered to raise a whole company of Decani Brahmins, provided he was given some rank in the company. This offer was also declined, and from that seems to have arisen his hatred for the British and Indian governments, which first led him to cover with tar the statue of Queen Victoria at Bombay, then to commit several assaults on people belonging to the reformed party, and finally to exclaim in the midst of the excitement over the plague restrictions at Poonah last summer, "So many people are dying of the plague, is there none prepared to die by putting an end to the author of all this tyranny." The police interpreted this to be a direct incitement to kill Commissioner Rand, who was superintending the plague precautions. Chapekar killed Lieut. Ayerst because he and his accomplices thought the lieutenant had witnessed the killing of Commissioner Rand.

REMARKABLE ENDURANCE.

Of Two Indians Burned to Death by an Oklahoma Mob.

The United States attorney general has sent to the senate at Washington a letter written by Assistant United States Attorney McCreach, giving the results of his investigation into the recent burning of two Seminole Indians in Oklahoma by a mob. He says that the sentiment in the neighborhood of the crime is all with the mob, and he was informed that it would not be well for him or any other person to go into that locality if it was known that the object was to locate the conspirators. Mr. McCreach's letter tells, in the main, an old story, but he gives some new details. McGissay was,

The Lake Manitoba Railway & Canal Co.

Going North read down		Going South read up	
2nd Class	2nd Class	2nd Class	2nd Class
13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
29.00	29.00	29.00	29.00
33.00	33.00	33.00	33.00
37.00	37.00	37.00	37.00
41.00	41.00	41.00	41.00
45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00
53.00	53.00	53.00	53.00
57.00	57.00	57.00	57.00
61.00	61.00	61.00	61.00
65.00	65.00	65.00	65.00
69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00
73.00	73.00	73.00	73.00
77.00	77.00	77.00	77.00
81.00	81.00	81.00	81.00
85.00	85.00	85.00	85.00
89.00	89.00	89.00	89.00
93.00	93.00	93.00	93.00
97.00	97.00	97.00	97.00
101.00	101.00	101.00	101.00
105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00
109.00	109.00	109.00	109.00
113.00	113.00	113.00	113.00
117.00	117.00	117.00	117.00
121.00	121.00	121.00	121.00
125.00	125.00	125.00	125.00
129.00	129.00	129.00	129.00
133.00	133.00	133.00	133.00
137.00	137.00	137.00	137.00
141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00
145.00	145.00	145.00	145.00
149.00	149.00	149.00	149.00
153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00
157.00	157.00	157.00	157.00
161.00	161.00	161.00	161.00
165.00	165.00	165.00	165.00
169.00	169.00	169.00	169.00
173.00	173.00	173.00	173.00
177.00	177.00	177.00	177.00
181.00	181.00	181.00	181.00
185.00	185.00	185.00	185.00
189.00	189.00	189.00	189.00
193.00	193.00	193.00	193.00
197.00	197.00	197.00	197.00
201.00	201.00	201.00	201.00
205.00	205.00	205.00	205.00
209.00	209.00	209.00	209.00
213.00	213.00	213.00	213.00
217.00	217.00	217.00	217.00
221.00	221.00	221.00	221.00
225.00	225.00	225.00	225.00
229.00	229.00	229.00	229.00
233.00	233.00	233.00	233.00
237.00	237.00	237.00	237.00
241.00	241.00	241.00	241.00
245.00	245.00	245.00	245.00
249.00	249.00	249.00	249.00
253.00	253.00	253.00	253.00
257.00	257.00	257.00	257.00
261.00	261.00	261.00	261.00
265.00	265.00	265.00	265.00
269.00	269.00	269.00	269.00
273.00	273.00	273.00	273.00
277.00	277.00	277.00	277.00
281.00	281.00	281.00	281.00
285.00	285.00	285.00	285.00
289.00	289.00	289.00	289.00
293.00	293.00	293.00	293.00
297.00	297.00	297.00	297.00
301.00	301.00	301.00	301.00
305.00	305.00	305.00	305.00
309.00	309.00	309.00	309.00
313.00	313.00	313.00	313.00
317.00	317.00	317.00	317.00
321.00	321.00	321.00	321.00
325.00	325.00	325.00	325.00
329.00	329.00	329.00	329.00
333.00	333.00	333.00	333.00
337.00	337.00	337.00	337.00
341.00	341.00	341.00	341.00
345.00	345.00	345.00	345.00
349.00	349.00	349.00	349.00
353.00	353.00	353.00	353.00
357.00	357.00	357.00	357.00
361.00	361.00	361.00	361.00
365.00	365.00	365.00	365.00
369.00	369.00	369.00	369.00
373.00	373.00	373.00	373.00
377.00	377.00	377.00	377.00
381.00	381.00	381.00	381.00
385.00	385.00	385.00	385.00
389.00	389.00	389.00	389.00
393.00	393.00	393.00	393.00
397.00	397.00	397.00	397.00
401.00	401.00	401.00	401.00
405.00	405.00	405.00	405.00
409.00	409.00	409.00	409.00
413.00	413.00	413.00	413.00
417.00	417.00	417.00	417.00
421.00	421.00	421.00	421.00
425.00	425.00	425.00	425.00
429.00	429.00	429.00	429.00
433.00	433.00	433.00	433.00
437.00	437.00	437.00	437.00
441.00	441.00	441.00	441.00
445.00	445.00	445.00	445.00
449.00	449.00	449.00	449.00
453.00	453.00	453.00	453.00
457.00	457.00	457.00	457.00
461.00	461.00	461.00	461.00
465.00	465.00	465.00	465.00
469.00	469.00	469.00	469.00
473.00	473.00	473.00	473.00
477.00	477.00	477.00	477.00
481.00	481.00	481.00	481.00
485.00	485.00	485.00	485.00</

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL

Local and General

—For willow fence posts, call on Creamer & Gray.—adv.

—Dr. J. P. Creamer arrived home this morning with a carload of fine horses.

—A large party of miners bound for the Yukon passed through on this morning's train.

—Mr. J. McMichael purposes returning about April 1st with two cars of heavy horses.

—Mr. J. A. Longpre, popular postmaster and general merchant, Lebrun, attended the reunion last night.

—Mr. T. McAfee of Fort Qu'Appelle, will preach in the Presbyterian church next Sabbath, morning and evening.

—Correspondence and changes for advertisements must reach The Progress not later than Tuesday of each week to secure insertion.

—Remember the second annual dance of the Vernon Football club, to take place in the town hall, Qu'Appelle Station, on the 21st inst.

—Mr. C. Featherstonhaugh has secured the contract from Mr. J. Gray for carrying the mails between Qu'Appelle Station and Fort Qu'Appelle.

There are a number of subscribers who are still in arrears for the Progress. We respectfully ask such to settle without delay. We might exist on the warm air of summer, but in winter the air is too cold and fuel is dear.

—The Progress received this week a communication from a Spencerville correspondent, which for the life of us we can't tell whether it is prose or poetry. At first glance it looks like prose, but on closer inspection think it is intended for poetry. If the author will only put it in a little better shape we shall be pleased to publish it in a future issue.

—The vote on the by-law to exempt the felt factory from taxation for fifteen years, was taken on Saturday last and was a good representative one. There were 111 votes cast altogether, 97 in favor of the by-law, 13 against, and 1 spoiled. Mr. Boz returned from the east last week, and Messrs. Cowan and Fraser who are making final arrangements for shipping the plant, are expected home in a few days, when the industry will be gone on with at once. Now for the mill!

—Miss Pauline Johnson's entertainment on Thursday evening last delighted a very large and appreciative audience; indeed, so well pleased was the audience that Miss Johnson was prevailed upon to give another entertainment on Friday evening which was equally well attended notwithstanding a counter-attraction. Miss Johnson's entertainments consist of recitations of her own composition, and deal principally with the legends of her race, the Indians. Her introductory remarks are always interesting and often humorous; though not professing to be an elocutionist, she has few equals, and certainly no superiors in many of her recitations. Miss Johnson was assisted by Mr. Hall, who filled up the intervals by singing several of his best songs, which were received with applause and deservedly earned. Mr. Hall and our accomplished pianist, assistant organist at the first evening's entertainment, but was prevented the second evening by a previous engagement. Should Miss Johnson

ever favor this town again with an entertainment, we feel safe in saying the hall will be crowded.

—A social will be held at Mrs. Jas. McEwen's on the evening of the 18th, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church. A collection will be taken up.

—The February number of the Kootenay Guide is out with a change of time card and railway fares; also new information regarding the Calgary and Edmonton routes to the Klondike.

—Mr. R. Johnston returned from Edmonton on Saturday after disposing of a carload of horses. Mr. Johnston says that good horses can be bought cheaper at Edmonton than here, and that his next market will be Vancouver.

—There will be an open meeting of the W.C.T.U. held in the Methodist church, on Tuesday evening, 22d inst., at 8 o'clock. The programme will consist of short speeches interspersed with recitations and singing. All are cordially invited.

—On Thursday evening last four sleighloads of Grassmere settlers drove to the residence of Mr. H. Paine for the purpose of giving him a surprise and to wish him luck previous to his departure for the Klondike. After spending a pleasant time and enjoying themselves, the party broke up at an early hour.

—Mr. J. B. Robinson received a post card yesterday, announcing Mrs. G. H. V. Bulyea's safe arrival in Horton, Kansas. Though somewhat wearied with her journey a night's sleep refreshed her and she felt quite well at the time of writing. Mrs. Bulyea was quite struck with the contrast between the Northwest and Kansas, for on her arrival she found the mud knee-deep, although the weather was pleasant and it was clear overhead.

—The Regina correspondent of the Winnipeg Free Press says: "An epidemic of measles, not violent but widespread, has broken out in Regina. It started in German town. The school children were told that it was necessary to fumigate to kill the 'germs.' The youngsters thought the word a contraction, and created some consternation by spreading a report that 50 lbs. of sulphur were going to be used to kill the Germans."

Where Specialists Failed Dr. Chase Cured Catarrh.

James Spence, Clachan, Ont., writes:—"I had been a sufferer from Catarrh for fifteen years. It became chronic and I had given up hopes of being ever cured when advised by a friend to try Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I at once started and am pleased to state three boxes effected a complete cure, and I heartily recommend it to all suffering from Catarrh."

—On Monday evening Rev. Mr. Wright of Portage la Prairie, addressed a somewhat small meeting in the Presbyterian church, in the interests of the Upper Canada Bible Society, Rev. Mr. Gaffey in the chair. At the close of the address, which was most interesting, a collection in aid of the society was taken up and collectors appointed, also the following officers for the ensuing year: J. A. Liggett, president; the resident clergy, vice-presidents; J. H. Moore, sec.-treasurer; Dr. Cathew, depository.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Fresh Killed Meat

H. BRAY,

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHER

QU'APPELLE STREET.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

DRESSED: PORK: AND: POULTRY

BOUGHT: AND: SOLD.

CUSTOM SOLICITED

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES

Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON,

BARRISTER,

QU'APPELLE

FOR SALE

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s Lands,

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Co.'s Lands,

Canadian Mortgage Co.'s Lands,

Qu'Appelle Station Townsite Lands.

Also some bargains in

IMPROVED FARMS.

Call at once as these lands are being rapidly sold.

Waite & Eoolittle,

AGENTS.

WOLSELEY FLOUR

Boots and Shoes

At slight advance on cost Until sold out

GEO. AMBLER.

Your Small Boy

could do your marketing for you at my store. Let him stop here on his way to school and repeat your order. You may be sure it will be filled promptly and just as right as if you came yourself.

MRS. E. AMBLER, Qu'Appelle Stn.

Bull for Sale.

A fine dark red thoroughbred Shorthorn bull (registered pedigree). Apply to T. C. Bunn, sec. 22-17-14. Post office address—Qu'Appelle Station, N.W.T. 18-19p

For Sale.

A FIRST CLASS ORGAN, has been used very little. This is a snap. 17-18 Apply to W. L. WAITE, Qu'Appelle.

APPLICATIONS WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for Assessor for the current year, at the salary of \$70, will be received up to noon, the 16th inst., also applications for road overseers for the various road divisions, will be received up to noon on the 7th March. By order, J. DOOLITTLE, Clerk.

BY RAIL, 8:00 AM, LAKE, WAGHORN'S GUIDE

MUNICIPALITY OF SOUTH QU'APPELLE.

Financial Statement from February, 1897, to January, 1898, inclusive.

	Balance Forward.	Receipts.	Total Amount.	Expenditure.	Balance in hand.
MUNICIPAL FUNDS—					
Gen. Fund.....	1,172 68	1,655 04	2,827 72	2,371 93	455 79
do Arrears awaiting apportionment to various funds.....		173 51	173 51		173 51
Statute Labor.....	40 93	608 84	649 77	485 33	164 44
License Fund.....		95 00	95 00	95 00	
Mill Bonus Fund.....	1,032 75	877 63	1,970 38	583 45	1,386 93
do do dep in bank.....				648 39	738 54
Cemetery Fund.....	20 00	2 00	22 00	13 50	8 50
Pound sales of stock.....	33 40	37 75	71 15	33 40	37 75
Legislative grant.....	269 62	2 25	271 87	271 87	
SCHOOL FUNDS—					
School District No. 2.....	15 30	1,455 03	1,468 33	758 75	709 58
do No. 39.....	21 60	497 87	519 47	515 87	3 60
do No. 61.....	148 40	212 43	360 83	206 22	154 61
do No. 174.....		180 34	180 34	176 14	4 20
do No. 244.....	131 48	231 24	362 72	362 72	
do No. 327.....	240 20	282 67	522 87	317 44	205 43
do No. 356.....	63 00	119 80	182 80	129 70	53 10
do No. 357.....	80 75	229 23	309 98	309 98	
do No. 43.....		123 84	123 84	123 84	
Balance forward.....	\$4,328 11				
Receipts.....		\$6,783 87			
Total receipts.....			\$10,111 98		
Expenditure.....				\$7,403 23	
Balance in hand.....					\$2,708 45
MILL BONUS SINKING FUND—					
Balance in Imperial Bank of Canada.....			6,695 69		
Balance in school debentures.....			386 45		
					7,082 14
IMPLEMENTS AND FURNITURE—					
REAL ESTATE—Driving Park and Cemetery.....					450 00
					687 50
Assets.....					\$10,928 9

J. H. MACCAUL, Auditor.

January 31, 1898.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

If you want anything in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Etc., call and see us. Prices right.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

MacCaul & Harvey

CRACKED CORN SACKED

\$1.25 per 100 lbs.

Qu'Appelle Valley Hotel.

The only Licensed house at Fort Qu'Appelle.

A full line of the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Ales, etc., is kept at the bar for the convenience of the public and visitors.

Parties seeking Health or Recreation find the

Qu'Appelle Lakes

As well as a 'Sportsman's Paradise.'

ROBERT S. SMITH, Prop.

FORT QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

C. FETHERSTONHAUGH,

LIVERY STABLES

QU'APPELLE STATION and FORT QU'APPELLE

Daily Stage Between Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle Station.

First Class Rigs and Horses. Careful Drivers

Stage leaves Qu'Appelle Station and the Fort to suit passengers.